

in every regard, a young woman had lived for many years naked in a frightful cage, while her sister had been allowed to wander almost naked in the woods; another young woman had passed her life constantly chained to a big stone; a man was confined in a bare, windowless cell, which had been built expressly for him; others were found miserably neglected, naked, filthy, and half-starved. It is probable that those who were responsible for this cruel neglect did not err from any actual cruelty of disposition, but from the vulgar, unreasoning horror of the insane, and from an entire ignorance of what their condition demanded. But one great advantage of official inspection was, that it was official instruction; and so it has come to pass in Scotland that, in proportion as those having the care of single patients have been penetrated with better views of their acquirements, the means of their treatment has undergone a remarkable improvement, and now leaves little or nothing to be desired. It is a question, then, which may justly claim to be carefully weighed, whether the extension to England of a system which now works so well in Scotland can be advantageously made; or whether, on the other hand, there are special circumstances in the latter country which render its success there exceptional.

Whether it be thought desirable or not to supplement the present inadequate asylum system in England by placing harmless and incurable lunatics in private dwellings, there can be no manner of doubt of the necessity of a more regular and stringent inspection of single patients than is at present practised, or is indeed practicable with the existing staff of Commissioners. On the 1st of January, 1865, there were 212 single patients who had been certified according to the statute, and the number had increased to 227 on the 1st of January, 1866. Of these, 43 were Chancery patients, so that there remained only 184 patients whom it was necessary for the Commissioners to visit. To these, only 191 visits were made during the year; whence it follows that, with few exceptions, each certified patient was officially seen once in the year. Every one must admit this to be an entirely inadequate inspection. But this is not all: it is quite certain that numbers of insane persons are living as lodgers throughout the country without being legally certified; and though the Commissioners, when they accidentally discover such a case, endeavour to vindicate the law by prosecuting the offenders, yet they are unable, being already so fully occupied, to take proper steps for searching out these illegally placed insane patients, and for affording them the protection which they should rightly have. It needs not the occasional revelations of ill-treatment which occur and excite a painful sensation, to prove that many of the insane are still deprived of that protection to which, by their helpless state, they are peculiarly entitled.—*British Medical Journal*, January 12.

Medical Psychological Association.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MEDICO-PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION FOR 1867 WILL BE HELD IN LONDON, UNDER THE PRESIDENCY OF DR. LOCKHART ROBERTSON, EARLY IN JULY.

COMMUNICATIONS, &c. &c., IN REFERENCE TO THE ANNUAL MEETING TO BE ADDRESSED TO THE HONORARY SECRETARY (DR. HARRINGTON TUKE), 37, ALBEMARLE STREET, LONDON, W.

Publications Received, 1867.

'Trousseau's Lectures on Clinical Medicine.' Delivered at the Hôtel-Dieu, Paris, by A. Trousseau, Professor of Clinical Medicine in the Faculty of Medicine, Paris; Physician to the Hôtel-Dieu; Member of the Imperial Academy
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of Medicine; Commander of the Legion of Honour; Grand Officer of the Order of the Lion and the Sun of Persia; Ex-Representative of the People in the National Assembly, &c. &c. &c. Translated and Edited, with Notes and Appendices, by P. Victor Bazire, M.D. Lond. and Paris, Assistant-Physician to the National Hospital for the Paralysed and Epileptic; Medical Registrar of the Westminster Hospital.

To be completed in Twelve Parts, demy 8vo, at 4s. each. Part I:—1. Venesection in Cerebral Hæmorrhage and Apoplexy; 2. Apoplectiform Cerebral Congestion, and its Relations to Epilepsy and Eclampsia; 3. Epilepsy; 4. Epileptiform Neuralgia; 5. Glosso-laryngeal Paralysis; 6. Progressive Locomotor Ataxy; 7. Aphasia. Part II:—8. Progressive Muscular Atrophy; 9. Facial Paralysis; 10. Cross-Paralysis; 11. Infantile Convulsions; 12. Eclampsia of Pregnant and of Parturient Women; 13. Tetanism; 14. Chorea; 15. Senile Trembling and Paralysis Agitans; 16. Cerebral Fever and Chronic Hydrocephalus; 17. Neuralgia. Part III, in the press, will contain—Cerebral Rheumatism; Exophthalmic Goutre; Angina Pectoris; Asthma; Hooping-cough; Hydrophobia.

Will be reviewed in our next number.

'*Traité des Maladies Mentales, Pathologie et Thérapéutique*,' par W. Griesinger. Traduit de l'Allemand (2^e Edition), sous les yeux de l'Auteur, par le Dr. Domnic, Médecin de la Maison Centrale de Poissy.—Paris: 1865. Pp. 592.

'*Medicine and Psychology: the Annual Address to the Hunterian Society for 1866.*' By Dennis de Berdt Hovell, F.R.C.S. Eng.—London: Bell & Daldy, 186, Fleet Street.

'*St. George's Hospital Reports.*' Edited by John W. Ogle, M.D., F.R.C.P., and T. Holmes, F.R.C.S. Vol. I. Contents:—1. Some Account of St. George's Hospital. By Dr. Page.—2. Contributions to the Surgery of the Head. No. I. On the Deviations of the Base of the Skull in Chronic Hydrocephalus. By Mr. Prescott Hewett.—3. Iodine Injection in Meningocele. By Mr. Holmes.—4. On the Typhus Epidemic of 1864-5. By Dr. Reginald Thompson.—5. Notes on an Epidemic of Typhus at Leeds. By Mr. Clifford Allbutt.—6. On Progressive Locomotor Ataxy. By Mr. Lockhart Clarke.—7. On Rheumatic Iritis. By Mr. Rouse.—8. On Cerebral Symptoms produced by Pressure on the Contents of the Labyrinth. By the late Mr. Toynebee.—9. On some Points connected with the Treatment of Hernia. By Mr. J. W. Haward.—10. On Arthropathy at the Hip-joint. By Mr. Holmes.—11. On Disease of the Brain as a Result of Diabetes Mellitus. By Dr. John W. Ogle.—12. On Jaundice. By Dr. H. Bence Jones.—13. On Puerperal Paralysis. By Dr. Fussell, of Brighton.—14. On Hypodermic Injections. By Mr. Hunter.—15. On Congenital Dislocations of the Femur. By Mr. Brodhurst.—16. On the Diurnal Variations in the Temperature of the Human Body in Health. By Dr. William Ogle.—17. On Rupture of Arteries from External Injury. By Mr. Pollock.—18. On Disease of the Cerebral Vessels. By Dr. Dickinson.—19. On Talipes Varus. By Mr. Brodhurst.—20. On Talipes Equinus. By Mr. Nayler.—21. On the Statistics of Amputation at St. George's Hospital. By Mr. Holmes.—22. On the Statistics of the Dental Department of St. George's Hospital. By Mr. Vasey.—Annual Medical Report for 1865. By Dr. Octavius Sturges.—Annual Surgical Report for 1865. By Mr. Pick.—London: John Churchill and Sons, New Burlington Street. 1866.

'*On Epilepsy, Hysteria, and Ataxy.*' By Julius Althaus, M.D., M.R.C.P., Physician to the London Infirmary for Epilepsy and Paralysis.—London: John Churchill and Sons, New Burlington Street. Crown 8vo. Pp. 126.

We shall refer to this essay in our next number in connection with Mr. Lockhart Clarke's able Monograph on Progressive Locomotor Ataxy in the St. George's Hospital Reports.

'On Uncontrollable Drunkenness; considered as a Form of Mental Disorder. With Suggestions for its Treatment, and the Organisation of Sanatoria for Dipsomaniacs.' By Forbes Winslow, M.D. Aberd., D.C.L. Oxon. London: Robert Hardwicke, 192, Piccadilly. 1867. (Pamphlet.)

'Revelation and Science: being a Critical Examination of a Sermon on "The Unsearchableness of God," preached at St. Matthew's Church, Nottingham, on Sunday, August 26th, 1866, on the occasion of the Meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science.' By Daniel Moore, M.A., Honorary Chaplain in Ordinary to the Queen, &c.; Author of 'The Age and the Gospel,' &c. By T. Wilson, M.D., Member of the British Association. Rivingtons, London, Oxford, and Cambridge. Nottingham: R. Allen and Son. 1866. (Pamphlet.)

'On Insanity and the Criminal Responsibility of the Insane.' By Thomas More Madden, M.R.I.A., Licentiate of the King and Queen's College of Physicians in Ireland. (Read before the Medical Society of the College of Physicians in Ireland.)—Dublin: John Falconer. 1866. (Pamphlet.)

'Casuistry, Moral Philosophy, and Moral Theology. An Inaugural Lecture, delivered in the Senate House, Cambridge, on Tuesday, December 4th, 1866.' By F. D. Maurice, M.A., Knightbridge Professor to the University of Cambridge, and Incumbent of St. Peter's, Vere Street. London: Macmillan and Co. 1866.

We congratulate the University of Cambridge on the accession of a man of genius to the ranks of her teachers, and of having found so brilliant a philosopher to succeed to the chair once held by Dr. Whewell. The University has, moreover, asserted in this election her old predilections towards religious toleration. Forced to leave King's College, London, under an imputation of teaching heresy, while professing his faith that, deep as are the depths of hell, the power of Christ is greater, and His love deeper, Professor Maurice may well console himself for the slight of past years in the unanimous welcome with which the University of Cambridge greeted his first appearance as Knightbridge Professor.

'Obituary Notice of Dr. Conolly.' By Sir James Clark, Bart., M.D. (Pamphlet.) Read at the Ethnological Society, June 12th, 1866.

'Modern Culture; its True Aims and Requirements. A Series of Addresses and Arguments on the Claims of Scientific Education, by Professors Tyndall, Daubeny, Henfrey, Huxley, Paget, Whewell, Faraday, Draper, Masson, De Morgan, Owen; Drs. Hodgson, Carpenter, Hooker, Acland, Forbes, Grove, &c. Edited by Edward L. Youmans, M.D.—Macmillan and Co. 1867. (See Part II, Reviews.)

Appointments.

Mr. C. H. Moore, of Middlesex Hospital, has been elected Surgeon at St. Luke's Hospital, in room of Mr. Luke, resigned. Mr. Luke has held this office for thirty-four years. The duties include attendance at the Board with the physicians for the admission of patients, and general surgical functions. It is also the surgeon's duty to make a special report upon every case of injury or of violent accident at death.—*British Medical Journal*, January 19.

Barker, J. C., L.R.C.S.I., has been appointed Junior Assistant Medical Officer to the County Lunatic Asylum at Rainhill.

Campbell, John A., M.D., C.M., Assistant Medical Officer to the Durham County Lunatic Asylum, has been appointed Assistant Medical Officer to the Cumberland and Westmoreland Counties Asylum.

Christie, Thomas B., M.D. St. And., M.R.C.P. Lond., F.R.C.P. Edin., late of Pembroke House, Hackney, has been appointed Medical Superintendent of the North Riding Asylum, Clifton, York.