

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

### MARITIME DELIMITATION AND TERRITORIAL QUESTIONS BETWEEN QATAR AND BAHRAIN (*QATAR v. BAHRAIN*)

The following information has been made available by the Registry of the International Court of Justice (Communiqué No. 91/29, 16 October 1991).

On 8 July 1991, the State of Qatar filed in the Registry of the Court an Application instituting proceedings against the State of Bahrain in respect of certain disputes between the two States relating to sovereignty over the Hawar islands, sovereign rights over the shoals of Dibal and Qit'at Jaradah, and the delimitation of the maritime areas of the two States.

In that Application Qatar founded the jurisdiction of the Court upon certain agreements between the Parties stated to have been concluded in December 1987 and December 1990, the subject and scope of the commitment to jurisdiction being determined, according to Qatar, by a formula proposed by Bahrain to Qatar on 26 October 1988 and accepted by Qatar in December 1990.

By letters addressed to the Registrar of the Court on 14 July 1991 and 18 August 1991 Bahrain contested the basis of jurisdiction invoked by Qatar.

At a meeting between the President of the Court and the representatives of the Parties held on 2 October 1991 it was agreed that questions of jurisdiction and admissibility in this case should be separately determined before any proceedings on the merits; at that meeting agreement was also reached on time-limits for written proceedings on these questions.

In an Order of 11 October 1991 the President of the Court, considering that it was necessary for the Court to be informed at that stage of all the contentions and evidence of fact and law on which the Parties rely in that connection and taking into account the agreement concerning the procedure expressed by the Parties, consulted under Article 31 of the Rules of Court, decided that the written proceedings should first be addressed to the questions of the jurisdiction of the Court to entertain the dispute and of the admissibility of the Application, and fixed the following time-limits for those proceedings:

10 February 1992 for the Memorial of the State of Qatar;

11 June 1992 for the Counter-Memorial of the State of Bahrain.

The subsequent procedure has been reserved for further decision.

Issues 1 and 2 (1992) of the Netherlands International Law Review will be devoted to a specific theme — ‘500 Years Since the Rediscovery of the Americas’. Articles by eminent lawyers from both North and South America will deal with specific issues concerning the Americas’ past and present contribution to both public and private international law.

Regular Review features, such as book reviews and information concerning the Hague Conventions on Private International Law, will therefore be held back until issue 3 (1992).

*Board of Editors*