cess Grace General Hospital, and to the old people and children in various institutions of the Principality, by the rulers of Monaco and the Red Cross of Monaco. In 1961 Princess Grace distributed parcels and bags of sweets prepared by the Red Cross to 400 people who were invited to the new Headquarters of the Society, inaugurated on November 17, 1961.<sup>1</sup>

International Activities: Since its foundation, the Red Cross of Monaco has taken part in relief actions following disasters in various countries. It has demonstrated the solidarity which binds it to its sister societies by generously responding to the appeals which have been sent to it by the International Committee and the League on different occasions, and particularly during the events in Hungary.

# Yugoslavia

The International Review has already had occasion to draw attention to the efforts made by the Yugoslav Red Cross in making wide dissemination of the Geneva Conventions. This is at present being continued in Belgrade through a course on these Conventions. In fact in February 1962 the Central Committee organized a series of lectures for leading Red Cross officials, legal experts and doctors of the federal administration.

This course was inaugurated by Dr Pavle Gregorič, President of the National Society in the presence of representatives of the institutions concerned, of the President of the Association of Yugoslav Jurists and of the Head of the Medical Service of the national Yugoslav Army. About thirty people were present who listened with the greatest interest to the reports submitted by leading jurists, and by specialists and Red Cross experts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See the International Review, December, 1961.

#### NEWS OF NATIONAL SOCIETIES

Questions were then asked by several participants and the subsequent animated discussion was proof of the interest shown in matters whose importance all were aware.

It should be added that publication will be given to the texts of these conferences and that the committees of the National Red Cross will organize similar courses in order to make known the Geneva Conventions and the principles which inspire them to the general public.

As one can see this is an initiative which is bound to develop and we therefore thought it would be of interest to set out the programme of the course, which lasted two days, organized by the Yugoslav Red Cross at its headquarters.

### COURSE ON THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS

### Monday, February 26, 1962

- 9.30 Inauguration
- 10.00-10.45 Contemporary humanitarian law, by Dr. Milan Bartôs of the Yugoslav Academy, adviser in general law of the Foreign Affairs Secretariat, member of the United Nations Commission for International Law.
- 11.00-11.45 The history, development and principles of the Geneva Conventions, by Dr. Juraj Andrassy, Professor at the University of Zagreb, member of the Institute of International Law.
- 12.00-12.45 The protection of the wounded and sick, by Dr. Jovica Patrnogiô, Dean of the Faculty of Law and Economics at Pristina.
- 17.00-17.45 The protection of prisoners of war, by Lieutenant-General Dr. Djoko Ivanovič.
- 18.00-18.45 The protection of the civilian population, by Dr. Milan Sahovic, Head of the Department of International Law at the Institute of International Politics and Economics.

## Tuesday, February 27, 1962

- 9.00- 9.45 The International Red Cross and the Geneva Conventions, by Dr. Bosko Jakovljevič, Scientific Assistant at the Institute of Politics and Economics of the Yugoslav Red Cross.
- 10.00-10.45 Concluding remarks, by Dr. Pavle Gregorič, Vice-President of the Federal National Assembly, President of the Yugoslav Red Cross.
- 11.00-13.00 Discussion.