



Research currently in progress in the Far West (area 3) is reported in the following section.

CURRENT RESEARCH INVENTORY

THE FOLLOWING SECTION CONTAINS A DESCRIPTIVE LISTING OF POSTDOCTORAL Latin American research in progress at institutions in the far western region of the United States, in Canada, and in the southern tier of Latin America. Included in this listing are projects still in progress but described in detail in earlier issues of LARR. These continuing projects are cross-referenced to the particular issue in which the description originally appeared.

The usual "Supplementary Listing"—a list of research projects received from geographical areas other than those specifically designated for coverage—has not been included in this issue's Research Inventory section. However, these supplementary projects will be published in the next issue of LARR, Volume III, number four, in lieu of the usual geographically designated projects. Publication of these accumulated supplementary projects will also mark the end of "Supplementary Listing" in the Research Inventory section. Beginning with Volume IV, number one, the Research Inventory will adhere strictly to the following geographical breakdown; number one will cover research projects in progress at institutions on the Eastern coastal region of the U.S. and those projects being carried out by U.S. government agencies and international organizations; number two will cover projects from institutions in the mid-western part of the U.S. and those from the northern tier of Latin America; number three will cover projects being carried out in the far-western region of the U.S., in Canada, and in the southern tier of Latin America (Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Ecuador, Paraguay, Peru and Uruguay).

We are happy to announce that in the next issue of LARR, Volume III, number four, the Research Inventory section will initiate coverage of research focused specifically on Spain and Portugal. Coverage of these topics will thereafter be regularly listed in this section and will follow the same area allocation as research carried out on Latin American topics.

Projects in this issue are arranged alphabetically according to institutions under three main classifications, *United States Institutions*, *Canadian Institutions*, *Latin American Institutions*. Material within each item is listed in the following order:

Latin American Research Review

1. Discipline
2. Name of principal researcher(s)
3. Other researchers (O) and (C)
4. Title of Project
5. Description
6. Date research was begun and expected date of completion (EDC) or *fecha aproximada de terminación* (FAT)
7. Related published research
8. Source of support, if any

A geographical index to the research items listed in this issue will be found on pages 196–197.

Projects listed in the *Review* are based on information received from questionnaires sent to individual researchers. Occasionally items are based on information from articles or reports; when this occurs, the title of the periodical or report is always given. Questionnaires may be obtained from this office upon request. Such requests are appreciated and the forms are sent out immediately.

For details about research on Latin America originating in Europe, the reader is advised to consult the following: *Boletín informativo sobre estudios y documentación Latinoamericanos en Europa* (Amsterdam, Holland); *Information dienst der Arbeitsgemeinschaft der Deutschen Lateinamerika—Institute* (Köln, Germany); and *Aportes* (Paris, France). The University of London Institute of Latin American Studies has recently published the second of its series, *Theses in Latin American Studies at British Universities in Progress and Completed*.

UNITED STATES INSTITUTIONS

(WESTERN STATES)

THE AMERIND FOUNDATION, INC.

Anthropology

816. Charles C. DiPeso, John B. Rinaldo and Gloria J. Fenner (O)

Casas Grandes Excavations.

This survey continues as described in LARR II:3 (812). Results will be published in the latter part of 1968.

UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA

Literature

817. José A. Balseiro

Seis estudios sobre Rubén Darío.

Manuscript completed. Will be published in Madrid (Biblioteca Románica Hispana, Editorial Gredos) in 1968.

818. Timothy Brown

A Comparative Study of the Short Stories of Monteiro Lobato of Brazil and Fialho de Almeida of Portugal.

A study of the relationship between the works of two leading *contistas*. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969.

819. Jack Emory Davis

The Spanish of Mexico: An Annotated Bibliography 1940–1967.

Part of a series of monographs planned to sup-

CURRENT RESEARCH INVENTORY

plement Madeline Nichols' *A Bibliographical Guide to Materials on American Spanish* (1940). Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969. The second installment of "The Spanish of Argentina and Uruguay, an Annotated Bibliography for 1940-1965" was published in *Orbis*, XV, No. 2, 1966. The third installment will appear in *Orbis* XVII, No. 1, June, 1968. Project is continuing. See LARR II:3 (813).

Political Science

820. Marvin Alisky
Uruguay: Political, Economic and Social Trends.

Book will analyze the political and social system of Uruguay. To be published by Frederick A. Praeger in 1968 or 1969. See LARR II:3 (814) for description.

821. ———
Mexican-American Politics in the Borderlands.

An analysis of Mexican-American political action groups living near the U.S.-Mexican border. Begun, 1962. EDC, 1968. /ASU Faculty Research Grant.

BRIGHAM YOUNG UNIVERSITY

Anthropology (Archaeology)

822. Thomas A. Lee, Jr., Gareth W. Lowe, Pierre Agrinier, Carlos Navarrete, and Susanna Ekholm.

Cultural History of Meso-America. Currently research is centered on Chiapas, Mexico. Projects involve studies of San Isidro, Izapa Mirador, Western Zoque Area and a reconnaissance of the Soconusco. EDC, 1969. Reports will be published as Papers of the New World Archaeological Foundation. /Brigham Young Univ.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY

Anthropology

823. George M. Foster
Change in a Peasant Community. (Mexico)

A long-term project. See LARR II:3 (815) for a description of papers published; see LARR I:3 (823) for description of entire project. EDC, 1985.

824. Laura Nader
Justice and Judgment among the Zapotec.

A description of conflict resolution beginning in the court room and working out to other conflict solving agencies. Begun, 1960. EDC, 1968.

Architecture

825. Norma Evenson
Two Brazilian Cities.

A study of the development of modern architecture and urban design in Brazil considered in relation to Rio de Janeiro and Brasilia. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1969. /Humanities Research Institute, Social Science Research Council, American Philosophical Society, Univ. of Calif. Institute for International Study.

Economics

826. William Alonso. Julio Silva (O)
Regional Development and Urbanization. Research being carried out in the context of a larger study. Will cover the geographic aspects of development, empirically evaluating the tendency of the national populations of Latin American countries to (a) move toward the capital, and (b) move away from the coast during the period 1930-1960. Shows that in the main people are getting closer to the capital and not moving away from the coast. But there are indications of a future reversal of trend. In preparation.

827. William Paul McGreevey, Miguel Urrutia (Universidad de los Andes, Bogotá), R. Albert Berry (Yale), David Bushnell (University of Florida), R. C. Beyer (William and Mary), Frank R. Safford (Northwestern University).

Historical Statistics of Colombia. Work on this study continues. See LARR II:3 (817) for description of project.

828. ———
Essays on the Economic History and Development of Colombia.

Work continues; some publications issued. Work on book manuscript to continue in 1968. See LARR I:3 (832) for previous listing and description of this project.

Demography

829. K. S. Srikantan (International Population and Urban Research)
Rural-Urban Migration and Components of Population Growth in Costa Rica, 1950-1963.

Study relates rural-urban migration to the nat-

Latin American Research Review

ural increase taking place within the rural and urban areas of Costa Rica. Estimates of age-sex specific net migration between rural and urban areas are presented. A suitable method is developed to exploit available information from censuses and vital statistics and to correct for gross errors. Begun, 1968. EDC, 1968.

830. ———

A Stable Population Model with a Constant Stream of Rural-Urban Migration.

A model is formulated for the study of population dynamics in a closed universe with two sectors—the rural and urban areas. The stable distributions of rural and urban populations are obtained when the age specific schedules of mortality, fertility, and migration remain constant over time. The results are illustrated with data from Costa Rica. Begun, 1968. EDC, 1968.

831. ———

Reliability of Survey Data for Estimation of Fertility: San José, Costa Rica.

The sampling and non-sampling errors in the data from San José Fertility Survey are examined. The Brass Method is utilized to arrive at estimates of age-specific fertility which are relatively free of recall and reference period biases. Correlates of fertility performance and ideals are studied. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968.

Geography

832. James J. Parsons

The Extension of an Artificial Grassland Landscape over Tropical America.

In preparation.

833. ———

Pre-Columbian Ridged Field Agriculture in the Guayas Lowlands, Ecuador.

In preparation. Manuscript completed.

834. Hilgard O'Reilly Sternberg

Frontiers of Settlement in Northwestern Mato Grosso, Brazil.

A study of environmental diversity and cultural variables in some contemporary pioneer fronts. Begun, 1965. EDC, 1969. /Center for Latin American Studies, University of California, Berkeley.

Government

835. Francis Violic

Problems of Metropolitan Area Planning in Latin America.

This is part of a series on metropolitan areas around the world. This particular study focuses on Latin America and will look at the city in general with regard to urban growth problems and approaches. Three areas are selected as case studies: mainly Santiago, Chile; Bogotá, Colombia; and São Paulo, Brazil. Each of these is considered in the context of overall urbanization forces, going further into critical issues involved in development in each of the metropolitan areas, methods of dealing with these problems presently applied, and suggestion of approaches that might be used. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1968. The study will be published by University of California in 1968. A related article by the researcher, "Community Development and the Urban Planning Process in Latin America" was published by the Latin American Center, UCLA, in 1967. /Institute of Governmental Studies, Univ. of Calif. at Berkeley.

History

836. Woodrow Borah

The General Indian Court of New Spain.

A study of special tribunals and legal aid for Indian cases in Mexico, 1593–1821. Begun, 1933. EDC, 1970. A related study by the researcher, "Social Welfare in New Spain" will be published in the proceedings of the International Congress of Americanists in Mar del Plata (in press).

837. ———

Studies in the Colonial Censuses of Mexico and Characteristics of the Mexican Population since 1550.

A continuing project. In preparation. EDC, 1970.

838. D. A. Brading

The Ideology of Mexican Independence.

An essay devoted to the life and thought of Fray Servando Teresa de Mier (1763–1827), a Mexican patriot and publicist. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1968.

839. ———

Miners and Merchants in 18th Century Mexico.

Research continuing on this study. See LARR II:3 (823) for full description of project.

840. Terrence S. Kaufman

Mochó Dictionary.

During 1967 over 5000 lexical items in each of two dialects of Mochó, Motocintleco and

Tuzanteco, have been collected and systematically glossed. These are being integrated into a dictionary of the language. The transcription (which is also used in the more than 250 pages of text which have been collected) is a compromise between morphophonemic and diaphonemic writing. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968.

841. ———

A Historical-Comparative Phonology of the Mayan Languages.

Using the uniform materials gathered on each Mayan language by means of a 1400-item questionnaire, the researcher will provide a reconstruction of proto-Mayan phonology, a statement of historical developments in each language, and a classification of the Mayan languages. Begun, 1959. EDC, 1969.

842. ———

Mayan Etymological Dictionary.

Research continues as described in LARR I:3 (844). A final effort to solicit materials by mail is being made at the present. Field trips in 1969 will be carried out to insure that each language is evenly represented. Begun, 1965. EDC, 1970. /Univ. of California.

843. Yakov Malkiel

Philology in Spanish America.

Study continues as described in LARR II:3 (828). It will be published in the spring of 1968.

Literature

844. Arnold Chapman

The Spanish American Reception of United States Poetry, 1920–1940.

Project continues. See LARR II:3 (829).

Medicine

845. R. B. Bradfield. M. A. Bailey and Angel Cordano

Morphological Changes in Hair Roots during Protein Coloni Malnutrition. (Peru and Brazil).

A diagnostic procedure. Begun, 1964. EDC, 1969.

846. ———

A Public Health Approach to Tropical Anemias.

Begun, 1964. EDC, 1969. Rockefeller Foundation. NIH, NASA.

Political Science

847. Ernst B. Haas, Philippe C. Schmitter,

Stuart Fagan, Aaron Segal, Daniel Baedeker (C)

The Development of LAFTA in Connection with Adaptative Behavior of National Interest Groups and Entrepreneurs. Project continues as listed in LARR I:3 (847). A monograph will be completed this year.

848. ———

The Politics of Economic Integration in the Central American Common Market.

Research continues. See LARR I:3 (848) for previous listing. Monograph to be completed in 1968.

Sociology

849. David Nasatir.

Argentine Youth Study.

A survey of the attitudes, aspirations, and beliefs of almost seventeen hundred Argentine youth throughout the country; an attempt to ascertain the role played by higher education in the development of their attitudes and beliefs. Field work was conducted under a Ford Foundation grant to the Institute of Sociology of the University of Buenos Aires. Begun, 1963. EDC, 1968. A related work by the researcher, "Estudio sobre la juventud Argentina —El impacto de la experiencia universitaria sobre pensamiento político," was published by the University of Buenos Aires as Publicación Numero 70, Servicio de Documentación de Sociología. /Center for Latin American Studies.

850. Ivan Vallier

The Politics of Christian Ecumenism in Europe, South America, and North America.

Study treats of major ecumenical elites in Christianity, their prevailing models of ecumenism, system referent for ecumenism (inter-faith, inter-church, interpersonal, etc.), major strategies for implementing models, explanations for successes or failures, and relation of institutional features of types of religious systems to bargaining process. Begun, 1968. EDC, 1971. /Ford Grant for Comparative International Studies, Program on Religion and Modern Society.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS

History

851. Arthur F. Corwin. Arnold Meagher (O)

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Latin American Immigration Policies: A Comparative View.

A study of Latin American immigration policies from independence to approximately World War II, primarily emphasizing the nineteenth-century efforts to promote immigration and the obstacles encountered, with special attention to the immigration experience of Argentina, Brazil, and Mexico. In draft stage. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1969. /University research fund grant and federal work-study funds.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE

Literature

852. Seymour Menton.
The 19th Century Spanish American Novel.

Continues as described in LARR II:3 (842).

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES

Interdisciplinary

853. Arnold Kisch
Health Services and Resources in Jalisco. Purpose of project is to study available health services, resources and conditions in Jalisco as a prelude to the conducting of manpower studies. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

854. ———. Peter Furst, Co-director. Lenor S. Goerke and Marsden Wagner (O)

Health Practices of the Huichol Indians in the Sierra Madre Occidental, Mexico. Three medical students and three anthropology students from UCLA spent two months living among the Huichol Indians at San Andreas. Group made observations on the indigenous and previously largely undocumented medical system of the Huichols. Observations were related to knowledge gained about the more general aspects of Huichol culture.

Anthropology

855. Ralph L. Beals
The Impact of a Modern Economy on a Traditional Market System.

Investigation has a twofold purpose: 1) to study a traditional peasant-based regional exchange system in Oaxaca, Mexico, and the changes attributable to the impact of the modern industrializing economy of Mexico

since about 1940; and, 2) to evaluate the relevance of the data to economic theory and theories of development and sociocultural change. Investigation includes surveys of all market places and intensive studies of the different types. These studies examine the kinds of goods exchanged, routes and procedures by which goods are transferred, problems of capital, credit, price formation and profits, economic decision making and responses to changing opportunities and market situation, together with the sociocultural environments in which these occur. /NSF. Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

856. William Bright
Classical and Modern Aztec dialects. A continuing study. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

857. Clement W. Meighan and Leonard Foote. Paul Aiello (O)
Cultural and Temporal Relations in Western Mexico Archaeology.

This project described in LARR II:3 (845) continues. The report on Tizapan el Alto is in proof and will appear in 1968 as a part of the monograph series of the Latin American Center, UCLA. A correlation of sites based on obsidian dating is in press and will appear in 1968 in *Science*: "Obsidian Dating in West Mexican Archaeology." Other projects referred to are still in preparation. Begun, 1956. EDC, 1968-1969. /NSF, UCLA, Dept. of Anthropology and Latin American Center.

858. Johannes Wilbert
Venezuelan Indian Project.
Project being carried out in conjunction with UCLA's Regional Latin American Center in Caracas. Project will be conducted in three stages: 1) Baseline studies will be made of contemporary indigenous societies of Venezuela, critically reviewing all existing ethnographic information from the Conquest to the present, and bringing this source material together in regional handbooks, the first of which has been published as *Indios de la Region Orinoco-Ventuari*. Each regional handbook will contain a resumé of research and the ethnographic information Dr. Wilbert has gathered during six years of intensive research in Venezuela. 2) Four diagnostic studies will be made of typical tribes of Venezuela, who will be chosen on the basis of the achieved developmental stages of their indigenous cul-

CURRENT RESEARCH INVENTORY

tures. These studies will result in several monographs. A Handbook of Venezuelan Indians will critically summarize the available material and present it in a practical form for scholars interested in the study of culture morphology. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Art

859. Peter T. Furst. Babara G. Myeroff (C)
Culture Change among the Huichol Indian Population of the Sierra Madre Occidental, Mexico.

Project includes studies in general ethnography, religion and mythology, primitive art and problems of national integration. Several papers resulting from this research have been published or are in press, and a monograph on Huichol mythology and world view, written in collaboration with B. Myerhoff, is in preparation. A paper on the Huichol peyote pilgrimage will be read at the International Congress of Americanists in Munich, Germany, in 1968. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Botany

860. C. A. Schroeder
The Origin, Spread, Utilization, and Social Implications of the Jicama or Yam Bean, *Pachyrhizus erosus*.

Field studies have been conducted in Central America, Mexico and northern South America. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

861. Walter A. Fogel
Mexican Americans in Southwest Labor Markets.

Describes the position and experiences of the group under study, primarily by comparison with Anglos and non-Whites; explains these positions and the inter-area variation in them; and emphasizes the variable, which includes income, occupation, industry, unemployment and education. Project is part of a larger study of the socio-economic status of Mexican Americans in the southwest which is being conducted by the School of Graduate Business Administration. The study will be published as Advance Report No. 10 in October by the Mexican-American Study Project. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

862. Harold Koontz. Steven L. Westfall (O)

Investigation of International Industrial Franchising as a Format for Development in Underdeveloped Regions.

Experimental project will be set up in the State of Ceará, Brazil. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

863. Michael Yoshino
Recent Developments in the Latin American Trade Association.

864. ———
Recent Trends and Development of U.S. Direct Investment in Selected Latin American Countries.

In preparation. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Economics

865. Charles T. Nisbet
Credit Policy in Chile.
This study will concern itself with the effects of inflation and discriminatory credit policy as related to Chile's agricultural sector, the demand for farm credit in Chile, and the problem of informal credit markets in Latin America. In preparation. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

866. David K. Eiteman
Finance Function for American Firms Operating in Argentina.
Continues as described in LARR II:3 (846).

867. ———
Argentine Capital Markets.
Project is a continuing one. Data has been processed by computer and analyzed. EDC, 1968. See LARR II:3 (847) for description.

868. Bruce Herrick
Political Economics of the Nationalization of the Bolivian Tin Mines.
In preparation. Study is the result of work done during the summer of 1966 in Bolivia. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Engineering

869. Panos A. Ligomenides
Regional Development Based on Systems Analysis and Computer Simulation in Northeast Brazil.

The project, begun early in 1966, is a collaborative one with Michigan State University and the University of Ceará in Fortaleza, Brazil. The purpose of the project is the as-

Latin American Research Review

sistance in fund allocation and development planning in Northeastern Brazil and the study of inflation problems. The industrial sector is being studied at UCLA, the agricultural, at Michigan State University, and special studies are underway at the University of Ceará. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Folklore

870. Shirley L. Arora
Studies in Spanish Folk Speech in the Los Angeles Area.

A field collection project involving the recording of various proverbial speech elements (proverbs, proverbial phrases, comparisons, exaggerations, etc.) currently used by Spanish-speaking residents of the Los Angeles area, and an examination of the role played by these elements in everyday speech, attitudes toward their use, processes by which they vary or new expressions arise. Will include also bibliographic annotation of all elements recorded, by reference to published collections from other Spanish-speaking areas. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1969. /Academic Research Committee funds.

Geography

871. Charles F. Bennett
An Analysis of the Climate at Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone.

Research on this project continues. See LARR II:3 (855) for description.

History

872. Robert N. Burr
An Economic and Social History of Chile. The modernization of Chile from the conquest to modern times is the major theme of this study. In preparation.

873. ———
Colombia and International Cooperation. A history of the role of Colombia in the Pan American movement, the League of Nations, the United Nations and the movement for Latin American political and economic integration. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Journalism

874. William Weber Johnson
Heroic Mexico: The Violent Emergence of a Modern Nation.
See LARR I:3 (891) for details of project.

Will be published April, 1968, by Doubleday and Company.

Law

875. Kenneth Karst and Murray Schwartz
Study of the Internal Norms of the Barrios of Caracas.

Work on this study continues as described in LARR II:3 (866). EDC, 1968.

876. Melville B. Nimmer
Copyright Law in Mexico, Brazil and Argentina

877. ———
The Place of Argentina in the World Copyright Community.

One of the primary purposes of the study was to analyze the reasons why it was in the interests of both Argentina and the World Copyright Community that Argentina join the Berne Copyright Convention. It analyzes also the supposed legal obstacles to Argentina's accession to the Berne Convention. To be published in *Revista Juridica de Buenos Aires*. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Literature

878. Claude L. Julet
A history of Latin American Literature.

879. ———
The Chilean Generation of 1950.
A monograph based on taped, personal interviews. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

880. J. H. Silverman. Samuel Armistead (C)
The Traditional Ballad in Hispanic America.

A study of the traditional ballad in Hispanic America which includes extensive bibliographical indexing of Ballad collections from all parts of the Hispanic world. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Music

881. Maria-Ester Grebe (University of Santiago)

Chilean Folk Music of Archaic Origin and Spanish Music of the 15th and 16th Centuries. A Comparison Study.

Purpose of study is to discover analogies in modal structures. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Research*, 1967.)

CURRENT RESEARCH INVENTORY

Political Science

882. Edward Gonzalez

The Cuban Revolution, Communism and the Soviet Union.

This is an in-depth study correlating the interactions between the Cuban revolutionary system and the international environment. It examines the domestic and external policies of the Castro government in the development of the Cuban Revolution; the role played by the old Cuban Communists in the early stages of the Revolution; the Soviet view of Cuban developments and Moscow's direct and indirect influence on the Revolution; and the dynamic relationships between Havana and Moscow. A comparative analysis of the contents of the Cuban and Soviet press, together with information obtained in Havana, August 1967, is being used in this study. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1969. A related article, "Castro's Revolution, Communist Appeals and the Soviet Response," appears in the October, 1968 issue of *World Politics*.

883. Lois Elwyn Smith (University Extension Specialist)

The Christian Social Party of Venezuela.

A study of COPEI, Venezuela's second ranking party and its role in Venezuelan politics. Will include ideology and program; bases of support; leadership; intraparty decision making and organization; financing; recruitment techniques and campaign strategy; relationships to other Venezuelan parties and to other Christian Democratic parties. Field research was carried out in 1965, 1966, and 1967 with support from grants from the Ford Foundation and the Latin American Center. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Political Science

884. Howard R. Swearer

The Process of Presidential Succession in Chile.

Research carried out in Chile. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

Public Health

885. Milton I. Roemer

A Survey of Medical Care Education in Latin American Schools of Public Health.

886. ———

Colombian Health Services in the Perspective of Latin American Patterns.

Paper was presented at a three-day conference

of the Milbank Foundation Roundtable on Social Science and Health Planning in Latin America. Paper was based on a field visit to Latin America in 1966 and supplemented by further study of manuscript materials. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

CENTRO LATINOAMERICANO DE VENEZUELA-CLAVE

Education

887. Gordon Roscoe, S. Roberts, and H. Sarmiento (Catholic University of Venezuela).

Venezuelan Educational Study.

An attempt to measure the vocational aspirations, socio-economic status, and academic orientations of secondary school students. Coding of questionnaire is proceeding. A second questionnaire has been finished and is being administered in several university faculties throughout Venezuela. (Source: *Latin American Activities and Resources*, 1967.)

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE

Political Science

888. Ronald H. Chilcote

Ideology, Development and Structural Change in Latin America: Notes and Bibliography.

Project described in LARR II:3 (870) is completed. Will be published in 1968 by the Hoover Institution, Stanford University.

889. ———. Ludwig Lauerhass, Jr.

Nationalism in Cuba, 1868-1968. A Bibliography.

See LARR I:3 (915) for description. Will be completed in 1969.

890. ———

Education and Development in Northeast Brazil.

Study continues on this project listed in LARR I:3 (916).

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA

Literature

891. Donald McGrady

Life and Work of Jorge Isaacs, Colombian Poet and Novelist.

Study continuing as reported in LARR I:3 (922). To be published in 1969 or 1970.

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Psychology

892. Calvin S. Hall

Cross Cultural Studies of Dreams.

The contents of dreams collected in Peru, Argentina, Panama, Guatemala, and Mexico are being compared with each other by sex and age, and with dreams collected in the United States. Data is now being analyzed. EDC, 1969.

CALIFORNIA STATE COLLEGE AT FULLERTON

Literature

893. Oswaldo Arana

Style in the Novels of Mariano Azuela.

A continuing project. See LARR I:3 (807) for description.

894. ———

The Contemporary Novel of Spanish America.

Continues as reported in LARR I:3 (808).

CALIFORNIA STATE COLLEGE AT LONG BEACH

Anthropology

895. Keith A. Dixon

Excavations at Temesco.

Continues as described in LARR II:3 (885). To be published by I.N.A.H., Mexico City. Mimeographed reports available. /NSF.

History

896. Theodore Edward Nichols

The Role of General Antonio de Arevalo in the Military Defenses of the Caribbean in the 18th Century.

A portrayal of the international rivalry of European powers in the Caribbean in the 18th century via a study of the career of Arevalo, a Spanish military engineer who worked on defensive measures in Cartagena, other points on the coast of New Granada, and the Isthmus of Panama. Begun, 1963. EDC, 1969.

897. William R. Svec

A History of Argentine Ranching, 1750–1920.

Project continues as described in LARR II:3 (886). Research being carried out at the *Archivo General de Indias* in Seville, Spain. In preparation.

Linguistics

898. Harold Key

Cayuvava Texts (Bolivia).

Project continues as described in LARR II:3 (887).

899. ———

Cayuvava Vocabulary.

Continues as described in LARR II:3 (888). To be published in 1969.

Political Science

900. Jerry L. Weaver

Guatemalan Military Elite.

An analysis of composition, structure and tactics of the political elite of the Military Government of Guatemala (1963–1966). Based on research conducted June, 1965–May, 1966. Begun, 1965. EDC, 1968. To be published in *Studies of Latin American Elites* which will be edited by Jack W. Hopkins in 1968.

901. ——— and Robert Delorme

Political Development in Latin America: An Annotated Bibliography.

Project continues as reported in LARR II:3 (889). The third stage of the project, the propositional inventory, is under way and expected to be completed by 1969. A part of this project has recently been published by California State College, *The Political Dimensions of Rural Development in Latin America: A Selected Bibliography (1950–1967)*.

CLAREMONT COLLEGES

Literature

902. Phillip Koldewyn

The Philosophical Basis of the Writings of Alfonso Reyes.

Research on this project continues as reported in LARR II:3 (891). /Claremont Colleges Ford Grant Research Funds.

903. ——— and Demetrio Aguilera-Malta

Contemporary Latin American Culture as Evaluated by Her Own Essayists.

An anthology of essays by Latin Americans with introductions by the researchers. To be published in Spanish and English. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969. /Claremont Colleges Ford Grant.

CURRENT RESEARCH INVENTORY

Sociology

904. Dale L. Johnson
Social Structure and Economic Development in Chile.
Project continues as described in LARR II:3 (926).

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO INSTITUTE OF BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE

Psychology

905. Robert C. Hanson, Ted Rubin, Lester Thomas, Ted Alex and Sue Dodson (O)
Glue Sniffers: A Social Psychological Assessment of Alternative Juvenile Court Rehabilitation Approaches.

Four groups of teen-age Spanish-American glue sniffing boys were studied over a year's time to ascertain the effects of alternative rehabilitation approaches available to juvenile court. The "group approach" proved most effective in reducing glue sniffing and other delinquent behaviour and in improving self-images for two groups. The evidence suggests that intensive help in school on a group basis and work with "natural" friendship groups in the neighborhood setting may be a practicable alternative to traditional court methods of treating juvenile delinquents. Begun, 1965. EDC, 1968. To be published by the Denver Juvenile Court. /Office of Juvenile Delinquency in Youth Development.

906. ———, Ozzie G. Simmons, Jules J. Wanderer, Robert J. Potter, and William N. McPhee, Norman R. Kurtz, Gabino Rendon, Jr., and assistants (O)

Urbanization of the Latin-American Migrant: Processes and Outcomes.

See detailed description in LARR II:3 (892). Results from multiple regression and time series analysis of life history data are being incorporated in a computer simulation model of urbanization processes. Analysis of production runs from the model should begin in 1968. To date seven reports have been based on this material.

COLORADO COLLEGE

Political Science

907. Rudolph Gomez
Public Administration in Peru.
An attempt to apply a specific model of public

administration to an empirical context. Use is being made of Fred Rigg's model of public administration in a prismatic society as a guide to describe the national system of public administration in Peru. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968. To be published by the Bureau of Governmental Research, The University of Colorado in 1968. /The Fulbright-Hays Lectureship.

Sociology

908. Van B. Shaw
A Study of a Random Sample of Colorado Springs Families with Spanish Surnames. Research completed. Study now in mimeograph form. No publication is contemplated.

FORT LEWIS COLLEGE

History

909. Gilbert C. Din
Colonial Mexico.
A brief survey of colonial Mexico, with chapters on initial conquest, settlement, political system, labor, expansion, culture, and the Bourbon period. Begun, 1966. In preparation.

LOS ANGELES CITY SCHOOL DISTRICTS

Education

910. Julian Nava and Donald Thomas
The Teacher and *Los Mexicanos*.
An introduction to the background of the so-called Mexican-American with attention to the problems, issues, and prospects for working with these young people in the classroom. Intended for pre-service teachers. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1968.

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY OF LOS ANGELES

Literature

911. Thomas G. Hanrahan
The Spanish Jesuit Theatre.
Texts of the Spanish Jesuit dramatists both in Spain and the New World will be studied, edited, and published. Two *comedias* of Colonial Mexico are currently being edited. A comprehensive study of the influence of Jesuit drama on Spanish theatre is envisaged. Begun, 1967. Will be published by Porrúa in Madrid or by AHSI in Rome.

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UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA

Political Science

912. Leo B. Lott

The Political Systems of Venezuela and Paraguay.

An analysis of political culture, political institutions, forces, and processes. In preparation. To be published by Holt, Rinehart & Winston in 1969.

UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO

Anthropology

913. Nancie L. González. John Geffroy and Margaret Geffroy (O)

Rural-to urban Migration in the Dominican Republic.

Research focuses upon patterns of migration in the Cibao region of the Dominican Republic with a view toward understanding the types of changes which occur in both the rural and urban social structures through the processes of modernization, especially when this involves migration to larger social centers. The principal investigator is working in the city of Santiago de los Caballeros and is concentrating on urban and national structures, while the research associates are working in a small rural community and its immediate environs. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969. A related article, "Peasants' Progress: Dominican Migration to New York," is at press. Will be published in *New Mexico Quarterly*. /NSF.

914. Karl H. Schwerin

Possible Pre-Columbian Contacts between Africa and South America.

Evidence is being considered for the possibility that domesticated species of cotton (*Gossypium*), the bottle gourd (*Lagenaria*), and the jack bean (*Canavalia*), were transferred from Africa to the New World several millenia before the Christian era. Arguments will be presented favoring an Atlantic over a Pacific crossing. The conditions under which such a transfer might have been effected, and reasons for the successful adoption of these cultivated species in the New World, are also being analyzed. Begun, 1960. EDC, 1968.

915. ———

Ethnohistory of Eastern Venezuela.

An analysis of microfilm copies of documents in the Venezuelan archives. Objectives are an ethnohistoric reconstruction and an analysis of

indigenous culture change during colonial period and 19th century. Major documents under study are the Chaves y Mendoza *Visita* and land surveys of 1783–1784, and a series of litigations relating to Indian reserves and land disputes during the 19th and early 20th centuries. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969. One monograph and several papers will be published within the next several years by the International Congress of Americanists. /Fulbright-Hays Area Center Faculty Fellowship.

Economics

916. Wolfram Liepe

Colombia's Trade and Exchange Rate Policies, and Economic Growth, 1947–1967.

The purpose of this study is to estimate the effectiveness of lower tariffs and more flexible exchange rates in overcoming the problems of recurring foreign exchange and domestic economic crises, slow export growth and consequently slow economic development. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1969. /SSRC and Fulbright-Hays Faculty Center Fellowship.

917. Donald G. Tailby

Commodity Price Problems in an Underdeveloped Country (Bolivia).

Research is concerned with the problems involved in producing commodities for internal consumption such as over-reaction of producers to short-run price changes; frequent instances of prices not covering costs; lack of competitive pricing despite existence of many buyers and many sellers. Begun, 1966. In preparation. A related work by the researcher, *Bolivian Rice Marketing: Steps to Improvement*, was published in La Paz in 1966 by USAID.

History

918. Eleanor B. Adams. Guillermo Hernández Ávila (Biblioteca Nacional, México) (O)

Calendar of the Documents for the History of New Mexico in the Archivo Franciscano, Biblioteca Nacional, Mexico.

Begun, 1964. EDC, 1968. To be published in the *New Mexico Historical Review*.

919. Ronald H. Dolkart

Leopoldo Lugones: A Political Biography, 1874–1938.

A study of the active and influential political life of one of Latin America's major poets. Lugones stands as a key figure in the trans-

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formation of Argentina from domination by a liberal oligarchy to party control under the middle-sectors back to domination by a conservative elite. During this time, Lugones himself had gone from liberalism to socialism to strident nationalism. This work will seek to show how Lugones' thought was a reflection of the deep divisions of the society in which he lived. In preparation. Begun, 1967.

920. Troy S. Floyd

The Anglo-Spanish Struggle for Mosquitia.

Project continues as reported in LARR II:3 (912).

921. ———

Hispanic World Views and Philosophy of History (16th Century).

A study of the world views and philosophy of history held by leading Spanish statesmen and theologians during the rise of the Spanish Empire. (This study may be broadened to include Portuguese as well). In early stages of preparation.

922. Edwin Lieuwen

The Social Revolutionary Process in Post-World War II Latin America.

An interdisciplinary project supported by the Ford Foundation. Research will be carried out by faculty and graduate students. Includes Cuba, Bolivia, Venezuela, Guatemala and Argentina. Begun, 1965. See LARR II:3 (910) for details. EDC, 1970. /Ford Foundation.

923. ———

The Political Rise and Decline of the Mexican Revolutionary Army.

Research completed. Will be published shortly by the University of New Mexico Press. See LARR I:2 (136) for details of study.

Literature

924. Ned J. Davison

Sound Structures in Modernist Poetry of Spanish America.

Begun, 1960. EDC, 1970. /American Philosophical Society.

925. ———

Eduardo Barrios.

A biographical study of the life and works of a Chilean novelist. Begun, 1956. EDC, 1967.

926. ———

The Poetry of Enrique Molina Campos.

Begun, 1965. EDC, 1968. /American Philosophical Society.

Political Science

927. Laurence Littwin.

The Cuban Missile Crisis.

Continues. Will be published in *International Crises: Four Case Studies*, edited by W. G. Andrews. Will be published in 1969 by Van Nostrand.

928. Martin C. Needler

Political Development in Latin America: Instability, Violence, and Evolutionary Change.

Project continues as described in LARR II:3 (1913). A new article resulting from research will be published in the September, 1968 issue of *American Political Science Review*, "Political Development and Socioeconomic Development: the Case of Latin America."

929. ———

The Ecuadorean Coup d'Etat of 1963.

Continues as described in LARR II:3 (914).

930. ———. Edwin Lieuwen (O)

The United States and Latin American Revolutions.

A policy study with analysis of general tendencies and of specific cases. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969. Will be published in 1970. /Ford Foundation.

NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY

History

931. Robert R. Miller

The Spanish Scientific Expedition to America, 1862-1866.

Research completed. Will be published in 1968 by Oklahoma University Press under the title *For Science and National Glory; the Spanish Scientific Expedition to America, 1862-1866*. See LARR II:3 (916) for description of study.

932. ———

Scientific Expeditions to Latin America.

Continues as in LARR II:3 (917).

933. ———

Matías Romero: Mexican Ambassador to the U.S.

Continues as reported in LARR II:3 (918).

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934. ———
Foreigners in the Mexican Revolution of 1910.
Continues as reported in LARR II:3 (919).

935. ———
United States Aid to Juárez during the French Intervention in Mexico.
A study of the role of the Mexican minister to the United States and eighteen sub-agents who procured arms, enlisted soldiers, floated bonds, and promoted propaganda to aid the republic in its struggle against Maximilian's empire. Begun, 1957. EDC, 1968. A related study, "Matías Romero: Mexican Minister to the United States During the Juárez-Maximilian Era," was published in the *Hispanic American Historical Review*, May, 1965.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE

History

936. Clifton Kroeber
Mexico's Water Resource, 1910-1965.
Research continues on this project listed in LARR I:3 (943).

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

Architecture

937. George F. Andrews. Graduate Students (O)
Edzna, Campeche, Mexico—Settlement Patterns and Monumental Architecture.
An architectonic survey of the site of Edzna, Campeche. Will result in a site map, drawings of all building remains, and description of all cultural features associated with site. In note stage. Begun, 1968. EDC, 1969. To be published by the University of Oregon in 1969. A related work published by the researcher is *Comalcalco, Tabasco, Mexico—an Architectonic Survey—1967*.

Geography

938. Carl L. Johannessen. Mike Wilson, Robert Lewis, Edward Jessen, David Gordon, Gary Schill, and William Davenport (O)
The Domestication of Plants by the Maya.
A study of the farm and community activities of the Maya Indians to discover how non-lettered peoples have influenced and modified their crop plants and thus the land. Begun,

1965. EDC, 1969. /Graduate School, University of Oregon and Ford Foundation.

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

Economics (Agricultural)

939. Juan Cardenas and W. R. Furtick. Richard Fine, Floyd Bolton, Homer Hepworth, Lane Coulston (O)
Control of Weeds in Less Developed Countries.
Research continues on this project as described in LARR II:3 (924). Colombia and Ecuador are now under study. EDC, 1969.

UNIVERSITY OF THE PACIFIC (CALLISON COLLEGE)

History

940. Richard W. Van Alstyne
The War with Mexico.
Continues as described in LARR II:3 (925).

POMONA COLLEGE

History

941. James R. Levy
Argentine Nationalism and the Heroic Image of José de San Martín.
The study considers how San Martín's heroic image has been defined and used since 1840, and what the image and its use reflected of Argentine nationalism. It also attempts to explain why San Martín became the national hero, a symbol of Argentina acceptable to the many conflicting factions in that nation. Begun, 1962. EDC, 1968.

THE RAND CORPORATION

Economics

942. Richard Maullin
Colombian Politics and the Electoral Process.
A study of the factors of political party identification among the electorate and the organization of political parties before and after the installation of the National Front agreements. The parties are related to their electoral strength in rural and urban settings, and the 1966 elections are described to illustrate certain features of the political party and electoral system. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1968. A related work, *The Colombia-IMF Disagreement*

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of November-December 1966: *An Interpretation of its Place in Colombian Politics*, was published by Rand (RM-5314-RC) in 1967.

943. T. Paul Schultz
Population Growth and Migration in Colombia.

An econometric analysis is being used to identify the associations between differences in regional population growth and the socio-economic environment of the population. With a notion of how the environment shapes population growth, migration is studied in the cross section between 1951 and 1964, observing the effect of demographic, economic and political forces on migration rates measured for age/sex specific groups in the population. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968. To be published in Rand Memorandum Series. /AID.

944. ———
The Rate of Return to Education in Colombia.

Study will estimate the private rate of return to schooling for men and women in Bogotá based on a sample survey of the Bogotá Labor Force in 1965. The computed rates of return are then interpreted in the context of recent Colombian performance in the field of education and the policy choices that lie ahead of her. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968.

SAN DIEGO STATE COLLEGE

History

945. Roger L. Cuniff
The Great Drought: Northeast Brazil, 1877-1880.

A social history of the great drought of Northeast Brazil, 1877-1880, attempting to explain why a recurring natural phenomenon resulted in an overwhelming social catastrophe at that particular period in Brazilian history; why the Empire reacted the way it did; and what the consequences were for Brazil and the Northeast. Begun, 1965. EDC, 1968.

946. ———
The British Cotton Famine and Northeast Brazil, 1860-1875.

An article-length study of the Cotton Boom in Northeast Brazil resulting from the attempts of the British textile industry to find new sources of supply during and immediately following the American Civil War. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1968.

UNIVERSITY OF SAN FRANCISCO

History

947. W. Michael Mathes
The Activities of Admiral Isidro de Atondo y Antillón as a Colonizer of California, 1683-1686.

A study of the civil aspects of the Kino-Atondo attempt to settle California at San Bruno, exploration, progress, and failure. Begun, 1962. To be published by Ediciones José Porrúa Turanzas in Madrid in 1969. A related work by the researcher, *Documentos para la historia de la explotación comercial de California: 1611-1679*, was published in Madrid (José Porrúa Turanzas) in 1968. /Del Amo Foundation.

948. ———
Exploitation of the Gulf of California in the Seventeenth Century.
See LARR II:3 (936) for description of this study which is now at press.

949. ———
Drainage of the Lakes of Mexico in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries.
Research continues on this project described in LARR II:3 (937).

SAN FRANCISCO STATE COLLEGE

Anthropology

950. W. D. Hohenthal
Indian Tribes of the Rio São Francisco Valley.

A monograph—a standard ethnography on the Fulniô Indians, their geography, history, material culture, social organization, and belief systems. Sections on neighboring groups of surviving Indians, Huamé, Pancaraú, Shocó, Shucurú, Tuxá will be included. In preparation.

951. ———
The Brazilian University System.
See LARR I:3 (975) for description of this study about the teaching of and research in anthropology in Brazil.

SONOMA STATE COLLEGE

Literature

952. William O. Cord
La vida inútil de Pito Pérez.
An edited edition of a Mexican novel. Begun,

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1965. EDC, 1969. To be published by Prentice Hall in 1969.

953. Manuel P. Servín
The Apostolic Life and Virtues of Father Fernando Consag, S.F.

A translation and annotation of the Letter of Edification of Father Consag, a Croatian, who was an explorer during the Jesuit Period in the Peninsula. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968. To be published by Dawson (Los Angeles) in 1968.

954.— and Benedict Leutnegger, OFM.
Correspondence of Father Francisco Palóu, Second Father President of the California Franciscan Missions.

Continues as described in LARR II:3 (943). EDC, 1969.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY

Anthropology

955. Clifford R. Barnett and Howard M. Cann. Peter Z. Snyder (O)

Anthropological Studies in the Lake Atitlán Basin, Guatemala.

A population genetics, culture change and population dynamics study in a number of communities around Lake Atitlán. Medical care is provided by a full-time field team in all of the small communities to assure cooperation and obtain physical examinations and blood samples. Data is obtained in this manner on selected inherited characters and on the prevalence of antibodies to infectious agents. Each community is censused, and birth histories are obtained from interviews and records. Data is also obtained on marriage patterns, social organization, migration, economics and diet. Communities will be compared in terms of differential gene frequencies to determine factors affecting natural selection and genetic drift. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1970. /Stanford University and Sanidad Pública, Guatemala. (See item 862 on p. 105 in this issue of LARR.)

956. Bernard J. Siegal. Allan Johnson (O)
Socioeconomic Study of a Cattle-Cotton Plantation in Northeastern Brazil.

The data for this study bear upon the social structure and economic processes in a major ecological niche of the Brazilian *sertão*. It treats of the nature and causes of internal movements within the boundary of the system; the elements that provide security; detailed

analysis of planning and rational choice; the role of kinships and friendship in such communities; and certain dominant cognitive elements of the environment—*viz.*, conceptions of the plant and animal world and climatic factors. Two communities, representing extremes of the ecological range, are compared. In preparation. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1968 /Agricultural Development Council and SSRC.

Economics

957. Clark W. Reynolds (Food Research Institute)

The Structure and Growth of Latin American Export Economies: Toward a Taxonomy of Latin American Trade and Development.

Attempt is being made to provide an empirical basis for the comparative study of Latin American trade and development. Will involve the theoretical and statistical analysis essential to develop a theory of the evolution of comparative advantage in growth in selected Latin American countries, particularly Chile and Mexico. Begun 1966 and 1967. Twenty lectures to be delivered at the University of Stockholm, Spring, 1968. A related work, "The Effect of Import Substitution on Foreign Exchange Needs, Savings Rates, and Growth in Latin America," written in collaboration with Andrea Maneschi was published by Economic Growth Center of Yale University (Discussion Paper No. 18).

Geography

958. Paul I. Mandell (Food Research Institute)

Geographic and Economic Sources of Increased Agricultural Production in Mexico, Colombia, and Brazil.

Research seeks to identify and explain the regions and regional development processes which have made the greatest contribution to the expansion of agricultural production in recent years in the above-mentioned countries. Begun, 1968. EDC, 1968.

History

959. Frederick P. Bowser

Negro Slavery in Colonial Peru, 1529–1650.

Utilizing documentation from Spanish and Peruvian repositories the project attempts to determine the economic and social status of the Negro, both free and slave, in colonial

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Peru. Begun, 1963. EDC, 1970. /Center for Research in International Studies, Stanford University.

Literature

960. L. John Felstiner

Pablo Neruda and T. S. Eliot

A comparison of *Alturas de Macchu Picchu* and *Four Quartets*—poetic expressions of the historical, psychological, geographical nature of two cultures. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968.

961. Bernard Gicovate

The Poetry of César Vallejo.

A study of technical aspects of the poetry of César Vallejo in comparison with his prose style. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969.

Medicine

962. Howard M. Cann and Clifford R. Barnett.
Peter Z. Snyder

Genetic Studies in the Lake Atitlan Basin.

A number of factors which affect frequencies of genes controlling various human heritable characteristics are being investigated in this study which involves a group of Mayan Indian isolates in the Lake Atitlan region in Guatemala. A high infant mortality rate, the age distribution of these populations and of mortality in these populations, and preliminary sero-epidemiologic studies indicate the harsh environment of these communities. Demographic information concerning fertility and migration, genealogic information, data on significant causes of pre-reproductive morbidity and mortality by means of physical examinations and sero-epidemiologic indicators, and information about polymorphisms of blood by laboratory examination of blood specimens is being sought in the studies of these communities. Begun, 1965. EDC, 1972. Work will be published in various journals. /N.I.H. (See item 955 on p. 104 of this issue of LARR.)

Political Science

963. Richard R. Fagen

Toward a New Political Culture in Cuba.

A book-length study of the planned transformation of political culture in Cuba under Castro. In addition to introductory and concluding chapters, the book includes case studies of "The Year of Education," the Committees for Defense of the Revolution, and the Schools of Revolutionary Instruction. Begun, 1964.

EDC, 1968. To be published by Stanford University Press in 1969. /International Studies, Stanford University.

964. Richard A. Brody, Thomas J. O'Leary

Cubans in Exile: Disaffection and the Revolution.

A book length study of the demography, attitudes, participatory behavior, and reasons for leaving of a sample of Cuban exiles in Miami. The research is focused on the manner in which individual lives had to be touched before exiles came to view the situation in Cuba under Castro as intolerable. Begun, 1963. EDC, 1968. Will be published by Stanford University Press in 1968.

965. ——— and William Tuohy

Decision Making and Democracy in Mexico.

Project continues as described in LARR II:3 (945). EDC, 1969.

966. ———

Revolution and Education in Cuba.

Continues as described in LARR II:3 (946). To be published by the Stanford University Press, 1969.

967. ——— and Wayne A. Cornelius, Jr.

Political Power in Latin America: Transfers and Confrontations.

Will include Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Dominican Republic, Cuba, Mexico, Peru and Venezuela. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968. To be published by Prentice Hall in 1969.

STANFORD RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Economics

968. Michael Nelson

Investment Planning and Policy for Development of Humid Tropical Lands of Latin America.

Study will cover parts of Brazil, Bolivia, Perú, Costa Rica, and Mexico. An evaluation of the objectives and results of selected cases of humid tropical land development in terms of the total investment and impact and in terms of production, income, employment, income distribution and secondary effects. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968. /Resources for the Future, Inc. Latin American Institute for Economic and Social Planning.

Latin American Research Review

U.S. AIR FORCE ACADEMY

History

969. Oakah L. Jones, Jr.

The Spanish Frontier in North America. Project continues as described in LARR II:3 (948). Research to be carried out in Spain.

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON

Literature

970. Joseph Sommers

After the Storm: Landmarks of the Modern Mexican Novel.

A series of separate, but related critical studies of the landmark novels in Mexico from 1947 to the present. Stress on the relations between narrative technique and thematic interpretations in the major novels of Yañez, Rulfo, and Fuentes. Begun, 1965. EDC, 1968. To be published by the University of New Mexico Press.

WHITTIER COLLEGE

Political Science

971. Ben G. Burnett

Political Groups in Chile: The Dialogue between Order and Change.

In preparation. EDC, 1968. See LARR I:3 (1006) for description.

972. ———

Colombia: An Introduction to Determinants of National Life.

Continues as listed in LARR II:3 (956).

History

973. Lillian Estelle Fisher

Patriot and Constitution Marker: Miguel Ramos Arizpe.

Completed.

974. ———. Herbert Priestley (C)

Agrarian History of Mexico.

Study covers Mexican land problems and reforms from Aztec times to the present. (The first 100 pages were written by Herbert Priestley.) EDC, 1968.

975. ———

A History of Mexico.

A general history of Mexico from pre-Spanish times to the present. In preparation.

CANADIAN INSTITUTIONS

UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Geography

976. Alfred H. Siemens. Marilyn Ford, Edward Manning and other graduate students
Occupance and Use of Mexico's Southern Gulf Lowlands from late Colonial Times to the Present.

The main elements of the project comprise an analysis of the partially and obscurely published *Relación* (1774), plus related maps and documents; an analysis of several hundred travel accounts—late 18th century to early 20th; a review of the Isthmus during the *Porfiriato*; and a post-revolutionary change study from recent documents, maps, and secondary materials, field investigation and structural interviewing. To date research has been carried out in Seville, in German collections in Hamburg and Berlin, and in Mexico. Begun, 1961. EDC, 1969. /Canada Council Senior Fellowship, University of British Columbia.

UNIVERSITY OF CALGARY

Geography

977. Alfonso Gonzalez

Population Prospects for Latin America.

A brief historical account of population growth in Latin America, present-day demographic trends and future outlook for population growth. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968. A related article, "Some Effects of Population Growth on Latin America's Economy," was published in the *Journal of Inter-American Studies*, Vol. IX, Jan., 1967.

History

978. A.J.G. Knox

Color and Class in Jamaica, 1838–1962: A Century and a Quarter of Race Relations in a British Caribbean Colony.

A study of race relations in Jamaica from the abolition of slavery in 1838 up to the independence of the island in 1962 with attention being focused on the impact of race in the historical development of the colony and the major changes that have taken place since Emancipation. Begun, 1963. EDC, 1969. Will

be published by the Institute of Race Relations, London, England in 1969. /Howard University Faculty Research and University of Florida.

UNIVERSITY OF GUELPH

Literature

979. Evelyn Uhrhan Irving

Rubén Darío in Guatemala.

Aspects of Darío's life and work related to his residence in Guatemala. Begun, 1956. EDC, 1970.

980. ———

Rubén Darío and Canada.

Work will cover Darío's friendship with Narciso Tondreau and the article written about the *Tesoro des bellas artes modernas*. Begun, 1956. EDC, 1970.

981. ———

Central American Literature.

Research covers literary production from the colonial period to the present. The XVIII century and the influence of the enlightenment on the Independence movement are presently being studied.

UNIVERSITY OF MONTREAL

Anthropology

982. Hans Buechler. Judith-Maria Buechler

Migration to La Paz, Bolivia.

A study of migrants from a Lake Titicaca community to La Paz, Bolivia and of migrant organizations in the capital. Begun, 1964. EDC, 1969. /Columbia Travelling Fellowship, Research Institute for the Study of Man, Canada Council.

983. ———

The Fiesta System on the Bolivian Altiplano and La Paz.

Research on the relationships between social organization and ritual. Participation in Aymara fiestas can be seen as a reflection of social relationships and their transformation in space and time. Begun, 1964. EDC, 1968.

Latin American Research Review

ROYAL ONTARIO MUSEUM

Archaeology

984. David M. Pendergast

Excavation of Altun Ha, British Honduras.

Excavation of a Maya centre on the Caribbean coast, north of Belize City, in British Honduras. Extensive Classic period remains, including eleven priestly tombs encountered in two of the five major structures comprising the central precinct, plus one proto-Classic tomb from an outlying structure. Site, which covers about four and one-half square miles and consists of approximately 450–500 structures, was occupied from at least late Pre-Classic times (perhaps two centuries or more B.C.) to the end of the Classic (ca A.D. 925–950), with low-level occupation apparently continuing through the late 14th or early 15th Century A.D. The site appears to have been a commercial centre of major importance to the entire lowland area. Begun, 1964. EDC, 1970. Will be published by the Royal Ontario Museum as monographs about 1972. /Provincial Govt. of Ontario, Harvie Foundation (Calgary), Canada Council.

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

History

985. Ronald C. Newton

The Expansion of the Pampa Frontier, 1776–1880.

A general study of the transformations in Argentine frontier society during its most dynamic periods, from the end of the static frontier of the Colony to the final destruction of Indian military capacity. In preparation. EDC, 1968–1969. /SSRC.

986. ———

"On 'Fragmentation' and 'Pluralism' in Spanish American Political Society."

Research on this project, described in detail in LARR II:2 (590), is completed. Plans for publication are undecided as yet.

Political Science

987. Thomas H. Brose

The Party of the Revolution and the Politics of Reform in Mexico.

Case studies of pressure activity in the P.R.I. together with criticisms of analysis of the Mexican political system which continue to

accord the government's programs the title of revolutionary when, in fact, that government has been essentially following reformist policies. In draft form. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968. /Simon Fraser Grants and Canada Council.

THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

Geography

988. J. M. Galloway

The Historical Geography of Brazil.

A long-term research project whose subject is the historical geography of the Northeast of Brazil since the beginning of Portuguese colonization with concentration on the manner in which the region's resources have been exploited. The nineteenth century is being studied first. Work, based on research in archives in London, Rio de Janeiro, and Recife, is well advanced. To be published in June, 1968 in the *Annals of the Association of American Geographers*.

THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO

History

989. J. C. M. Ogelsby

Canada and Latin America, 1867–1967.

Purpose of this study is to show the evolution of Canadian interest in Latin America during Canada's first one hundred years as a nation. It will also investigate Latin American attitudes and interest in Canada. Subject matter will include such contemporary issues as Canada's relation with Cuba, Canada and the OAS; and also a discussion of English-speaking and French-speaking approaches, their differences and their similarities. Begun, 1965. EDC, 1971. Related works recently published include, "Latin American Studies in Canada," published in LARR, II (Fall, 1966), and "The Extent, Focus, and Changes of Canadian Public Interest in Latin America, 1957–1967," published by the Department of External Affairs, 1967.

Political Science

990. Phillip Althoff

The Failure of Bolivia's Experiment in Nation-Building.

Thesis of the study is that the Bolivian National Revolution (1952–1964) was Bolivia's experiment in nation-building and that the Revolution failed to give Bolivia the bases

for political, economic, and social modernization. The purpose of the study is to outline the reasons for this failure. Research completed. To be published in *Papers of the Michigan Academy of Science, Arts, and Letters*, Vol. LIII, in 1968.

991. ———

Political Alienation in Santiago, Chile. Study purposes that the political alienation in Santiago, Chile is as much a result of a lack of "openness" in the political system as of the socio-economic status of those alienated. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1968. To be presented as a paper at the 1968 Annual Meeting of the Canadian Political Science Association.

UNIVERSITY OF WATERLOO

History

992. James C. McKegney

CURRENT RESEARCH INVENTORY

Life and Works of Georgetorio López y Fuentes.

In preparation. Begun, 1965. EDC, 1969. To be published by the Twayne Publishing Company in 1969.

993. ———

Political Literature in New Spain.

An examination of politically-coloured literary works in New Spain.

In preparation. /Canada Council.

UNIVERSITY OF WINDSOR

Economics

994. Z. M. Fallenbuehl

The Economic Development of Guyana.

Work on this project continues as described in LARR II:3 (1965). Grant to continue research has been received from Canada Council. EDC, 1968.

LATIN AMERICAN INSTITUTIONS

ARGENTINA

UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DE CÓRDOBA

Antropología (Arqueología)

995. Antonio Serrano. Alumnos (C)

Desarrollo cultural del litoral prehispánico.

En preparación. Se inició en 1967. Será publicado en 1968 en Argentina. /Consejo de Investigaciones Científicas y Técnicas.

996. ———

El precerámico argentino: contenido e interpretación.

Se publicará en 1968 en Argentina.

UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DE CUYO

997. Romain Gaignard

La colonización rural en las selvas del Paraguay Oriental.

El proceso de apertura hacia el Este de Paraguay. La conquista de la selva por colonos agricultores. Problemas de la colonización en una economía cerrada, comparando las dificultades de las colonias paraguayas y de los japoneses. Problemas de la colonización agrí-

cola en el medio natural de la selva tropical. Balance y perspectivas de esta política nacional de colonización. Iniciado, 1967. FAT, 1968. Será publicado en Francia en 1969. /Centro Nacional de Investigación Científica de Francia (Centro de Geografía Tropical) I.E.D.E.S.

998. ———

La ocupación de la tierra (poblamiento y desarrollo regional) de la pampa argentina.

La investigación sigue en marcha como se anunció en LARR II:3 (1011). Será publicado en Francia y Argentina. /Centro Nacional de Investigación Científica de Francia y Universidad Nacional de Cuyo, Argentina.

999. ———

Estructura económica-financiera de la viticultura argentina.

Sigue en marcha como se anunció en LARR II:3 (1012).

Literatura

1000. Enrique Zuleta-Álvarez

Humanismo y política en Miguel Antonio Caro.

Es un estudio comprensivo de toda la obra del

Latin American Research Review

humanista colombiano Miguel Antonio Caro. La primera parte está dedicada a la biografía y a los años de iniciación literaria, filosófica y política. La segunda parte, al estudio pormenorizado del humanismo. En primer lugar, el poeta y el traductor; en segundo lugar el crítico literario. Aquí se estudian separadamente el filósofo del lenguaje, el filólogo y gramático y, por último, las aplicaciones de sus teorías a la crítica literaria de autores concretos. La tercera parte trata del pensamiento político, insertado en el marco histórico de Colombia e Hispanoamérica. Se estudia el pensamiento político de Caro y su obra de gobernante. Se inició en 1965. Se publicará en 1969 por el Instituto Caro y Cuervo. /Universidad Nacional de Cuyo.

Psicología

1001. Pedro Moguela
Relação entre aptidões específicas e a aprendizagem numa escola industrial.
Analisar as relações existentes entre aprendizagem nas escolas industriais e certas aptidões específicas. (Source: *Noticias de Centro Latino-Americano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais*.)

DEPTO. DE ESTUDIOS ETNOGRÁFICOS y COLONIALES

Historia

1002. Agustín Zapata Gollán
La vida en las ciudades hispanoamericanas en los siglos XVI y XVII.
Vea LARR II:3 (1013) para la descripción completa. La investigación continua. La urbanización hispanoamericana en el Río de la Plata está terminada. Iniciada, 1966. /Consejo Nacional de Investigaciones Científicas y Técnicas.

UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DEL LITORAL INSTITUTO DE SOCIOLOGÍA DE LA EDUCACIÓN

Educación

1003. Marth F. de Moyano e Inés C. Reca.
La enseñanza primaria en la Provincia de Corrientes.
Analizar los datos de una relación sobre la situación de la educación primaria de la provincia, procurando relacionarlos con datos demográficos y económicos. (Source: *Noticias*

de Centro Latino-Americano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais.)

1004. Solidario Romeo, Tomás A. Vasconi e Inés C. Reca.

Las condiciones de vida y las oportunidades de educación en dos zonas de la provincia de Entre Ríos.

Precisar de qué manera y hasta qué punto las condiciones de vida influyen en las oportunidades de educación en la provincia. (Source: *Noticias de Centro Latino-Americano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais*.)

UNIVERSIDAD CATÓLICA DE SALTA

History

1005. Eugene H. Korth, S. J.
Civil Congregations of the Indians in 18th Century Chile.

Project continues. See LARR II:2 (530) for description.

1006. ———
Indian Slavery and Forced Labor in Colonial Chile.

Manuscript completed. See LARR I:2 (595) for description of work.

INSTITUTO TORCUATO DI TELLA CENTRO DE ESTUDIOS URBANOS Y REGIONALES

Interdisciplinary

1007. Guillermo Flichman, Alejandro Rofman, Julio Testa and Carlos Tobar.

Model of Investment Behavior of Farmers in the Pampa Region.

Study will attempt to analyze the reasons for incomplete use of land by agricultural entrepreneurs—an inquiry into the possibility of a rationale for low-productivity of land. Begun, 1967. In preparation.

1008. Jorge E. Hardoy and Carmen Aranovich
Urban Scales and Functions in Spanish America around 1600.

Objective of this research is to determine the characteristics of the urbanization process in a particular moment of the colonial period in Hispanic America. The years between 1580 and 1630 were chosen as a point of focus due to the existence of two documents of geographic synthesis, Lopez de Velasco's geography and Vazquez de Espinosa's abstract. A matrix was built with indicators of adminis-

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trative, economic, religious, educational and sanitary type, extracted preferably from primary sources and complemented with information gathered from secondary sources.

1009. ——— and Luis A. Romero
 Compilation of Primary Sources on Argentine Cities.

Research will cover the period from the foundation of the earliest cities until 1869 when the first population census was taken. Iconographic, cartographic and written sources will be used.

1010. Lelio Mármora

Migración al sur.

Análisis de la inserción de distintos grupos migrantes, chilenos, europeos, y migrantes internos rurales y urbanos argentinos a una comunidad del sur de la República Argentina: Comodoro Rivadavia. La conformación de fenómenos tales como la marginalidad y conciencias nacionales en cada grupo migrante. Será publicada en Buenos Aires in 1968. /ILARI.

1011. Mario Robirosa

Internal Migration and Interregional Socioeconomic Differentiation.

Internal migrations in Puerto Rico between 1955 and 1960 are used as bases for this study. It is hoped that multilinear regression models can be established as a result of this study which will explain variations. Begun, 1967.

1012. Margot Romano Yalour de Tabar and María Magdalena Chirico.

Working Class, Anomia and Social Change.

Study will analyze factors affecting feelings of individual anomia as well as attitudes and value judgments associated with this feeling.

CENTRO DE INVESTIGACIONES ECONÓMICAS

Economía

1013. Héctor L. Dieguez

Exportaciones y desarrollo en Argentina. Relaciones entre exportaciones y desarrollo. Examen de modelos teóricos y su aplicabilidad para explicar distintos períodos del caso argentino. Estancamiento de las exportaciones argentinas. Sus causas. Dos tesis serán confrontadas: deficiencia de la demanda (mundia) vis-a-vis deficiencia de la oferta (interna). Fluctuaciones de precios e ingresos. Se inició

en 1967. FAT, 1969. /Instituto Torcuato Di Tella.

1014. Víctor Elías (Director, Instituto de Investigaciones Económicas, Universidad Nacional de Tucumán)

Sources of Growth in the Argentine Manufacturing Industry.

Basic objective of this project is to measure the different factors that originated the growth of output in the Argentine manufacturing industry in the period 1935–1963. Will measure the effect on the growth of some industrial groups of different measures adopted by the government, such as a) tariff policy; b) social security policy; and c) industrial promotion policy. In preparation. (Source: *Noticias del CIE*, Jan.–Feb., 1968)

1015. Alieto Aldo Guadagni

Highway Investment and Financing in Argentina.

The study will investigate charges for use of highways, the financial responsibilities of different levels of government, and investment criteria to be applied to road projects in Argentina. Begun, 1968. EDC, 1969. Will be published in Buenos Aires in 1969. /Instituto Torcuato Di Tella.

1016. Richard Mallon (Harvard University) and Juan Sourrouille (Institute of Social and Economic Development)

The Argentine Economic Policy, 1948–1968.

Purpose of this study is to analyze and evaluate the viability, consistency, and implementation of the principal objectives and instruments of economic policy during the above period. The objectives of the governments which have defined their policies will first be identified—first and second periods of Perón, the Prebisch Plan, the plan for stabilization and development of December 1958, its revision in 1962, the program of the Illia government, and the plan of Krieger Vesena. Next the researcher will try to select those policies which appear to have had the most important impact on the evolution of the economy and analyze them in greater detail. Project will be carried out partly in CIE and partly at Harvard University. EDC, 1969. (Source: *Noticias del CIE*, Jan.–Feb., 1968)

1017. Rolf Mantel

Decisiones individuales y planificación del desarrollo.

Latin American Research Review

Análisis teórico del efecto de impuestos, subsidios y tarifas sobre el bienestar de un país democrático. Una primera parte consistirá de un modelo detallado de las preferencias de consumidores, posibilidades de producción, oportunidades ofrecidas por el comercio exterior y los objetivos políticos del gobierno. Una segunda parte determinará la consistencia lógica de los supuestos del modelo y sus posibilidades de implementación para la confección de planes de desarrollo. Iniciado, 1966. Se publicará por el Instituto Torcuato Di Tella.

1018. Jorge Sakamoto. Juan Sommer (C).
The Industrial Strategy for a Semi-developed country: The Case of Argentina. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969. Will be published by the Instituto Torcuato Di Tella.

1019. María Ester Sanjuro
Análisis del consumo de las familias. Esta encuesta en Argentina utiliza la misma metodología que las encuestas similares que se hacen en los demás países miembros de la ALALC y que constituyen el proyecto denominado "International Study on Consumption and Income Levels within the LAFTA Countries." Este proyecto es parte del trabajo de investigación sobre integración realizado bajo "Estudios Conjuntos Sobre Integración Económica Latinoamericana" (ECIEL) y coordinado por The Brookings Institution. Su propósito es obtener información sobre ingreso y gasto y las características socio-económicas de las familias urbanas en diferentes países de la América Latina sobre una base uniforme, comparar las estructuras de gasto entre los países e investigar sobre la naturaleza y causas de las diferencias de tales estructuras y de las implicaciones de tales diferencias en el desarrollo económico de la región. Actualmente se está realizando la encuesta conjuntamente con CONDADE (Consejo Nacional de Desarrollo.) Iniciado, 1967. FAT, 1969. /CIE; The Brookings Institution.

CENTRO DE INVESTIGACIONES SOCIALES

Demografía

1020. Alfredo E. Lattes. Raúl Poczter y Cristina Cacopardo (C)
Muestra del Censo de la Ciudad de Buenos Aires 1855.
Este censo cuyos resultados son prácticamente inéditos puede brindar información básica de

extraordinario valor para estudios en ciencias sociales. Se trata de obtener una muestra lo más grande posible que permitirá luego estudios y análisis de la información original. El tamaño de la muestra será del 20% del total del universo. Se publicará un informe del procedimiento muestral llevado a cabo que incluirá varias tablas de resultados. Inició, 1967. Se publicará en 1968 en Argentina. /CELADE.

1021. Zulma Recchini de Lattes y Alfredo E. Lattes. María Müller, Cristina Cacopardo, Carlos Biscossa, Raúl Poczter

Migraciones internas e internacionales en la Argentina, 1869-1960.

El propósito principal de esta investigación es descubrir el sentido y la intensidad de los movimientos migratorios internos, a lo largo del último siglo, y medir el efecto de las migraciones internacionales en las características demográficas de la República Argentina. Las fuentes de datos principales son los cinco censos nacionales de población. Se inició en 1966. Será publicado en 1968 en Argentina. /Instituto Torcuato Di Tella, Centro Latinoamericano de Demografía.

1022. Darío Canton

La extensión de la participación política en la Argentina entre 1912 y 1954.

Registrar los cambios políticos producidos por la ley Sáenz Peña: evolución de los partidos, preferencias de los votantes, repercusiones sobre todo el sistema. Relacionar el proceso político con indicadores socio-económicos. Se inició en 1964. FAT, 1969. Se publicará por la Editorial del Instituto en 1970. Un estudio anterior por Canton, *El Parlamento Argentino en épocas de Cambio: 1890, 1916 y 1946*, fue publicado por la Editorial del Instituto, Buenos Aires, 1966. /Instituto Torcuato Di Tella.

1023. Silvia Sigal. Ricardo Gaudio (C)

Situación industrial y acción obrera.

Material: Encuesta a 1.000 obreros industriales. Objeto; Análisis de los tipos de orientación y de conducta de obreros industriales en relación con las siguientes variables básicas: contexto urbano, tipo de empresa, grado de calificación laboral, origen migratorio. El objetivo central es determinar tipos de actitud obrera respecto al trabajo y a la sociedad nacional y estudiar los condicionantes de la participación sindical y las orientaciones hacia la

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acción sindical. Se inició en 1967. FAT, 1969. /Instituto Torcuato Di Tella.

ARCHIVO HISTÓRICO DE TUCUMÁN

Historia

1024. Roberto Zavalia Matienzo.

Tucumán: Descubrimiento y conquista. Historia novelada del descubrimiento y conquista del Tucumán, (1543–1580). Se encuentra en impresión. La publicará el Archivo Histórico de Tucumán.

1025. ———

El cólera en Tucumán en 1868 y 1886–1887.

Historia de la peste del cólera en la provincia de Tucumán en los años 1868 y 1886–1887. Este trabajo dará a conocer más de 300 documentos referentes a dicha epidemia en su mayor parte originales e inéditos del Archivo Histórico de Tucumán. La publicará el Archivo Histórico de Tucumán en 1968.

BOLIVIA

ACADEMIA NACIONAL DE CIENCIAS CENTRO DE INVESTIGACIONES ARQUEOLÓGICAS EN TAWANAKU

Antropología (Arqueología)

1026. Carlos Ponce Sanginés. Raúl Mariaca González y Oswaldo Torres

El bronce y la metalurgia en el altiplano boliviano.

Tiene por objeto determinar en qué momento se descubre en la cultura de Tiwanaku el bronce. Se ha terminado la primera parte del proyecto, al determinarse que el bronce apareció en la época V de Tiwanaku (700–1200 años DC, aproximadamente). La investigación sigue como anunció en LARR II:3 (1017).

UNIVERSIDAD MAYOR DE SAN ANDRÉS FACULTAD DE GEOLOGÍA

Antropología (Arqueología)

1027. Estanislao Ploskonka. Danilo Kuljis Meruvia y Gregorio Cordero Miranda.

Datación de piezas arqueológicas de obsidiana.

La investigación sigue como se anunció en LARR II:3 (1018).

INSTITUTO DE INVESTIGACIONES ARTÍSTICAS

Arte (Historia)

1028. José de Mesa y Teresa Gisbert
Escultura en la Audiencia de Charcas.

1029. ———

La pintura virreinal en Sud América. Vea LARR III:1 (392) para la descripción del proyecto. Se ha trabajado últimamente en los pintores que enviaron obras a América; artículos previos se publicarán en Archivo de Arte (Madrid). Se sigue trabajando.

1030. ——— y Miembros del Instituto de Investigaciones Artísticas.

Bolivia: Monumentos arquitectónicos. Vea LARR III:(393) para la descripción del proyecto. Se le ha añadido todos los monumentos del siglo XIX, distribuidos en tres capítulos: Introducción histórica, Monumentos en las ciudades del altiplano y Monumentos en el valle y oriente. Será publicado en México en 1968.

UNIVERSIDAD TOMÁS FRIAS DE POTOSÍ INSTITUTO DE INVESTIGACIONES HISTÓRICAS

Historia

1031. Mario Chacón Torres

Arte Virreinal en Potosí (1545–1825):
Historia de las artes plásticas.

Trabajo sigue. Vea LARR III:1 (395 and 396) para la descripción. Será publicada en Potosí en 1968.

BRAZIL

INSTITUTO DOS ADVOGADOS BRASILEIROS

Historia

1032. Lêda Boechat Rodrigues

História do Supremo Tribunal Federal. Obra em curso de publicação. 1º vol., "Defesa do Federalismo. 1891–1898" (1965). 2º vol. "Defesa do Federalismo. 1899–1910," já entregue, deverá sair em 1968. 3º vol. Teoria Brasileira do Habeas-Corpus. 1910–1930," em fase de pesquisa e elaboração. Muita ênfase dada à comparação com a jurisprudência da Suprema Corte dos Estados Unidos. Iniciado em 1959. Será publicado (3º vol.) por Editora. Civilização Brasileiro 1970–1971.

Latin American Research Review

UNIVERSIDADE DA BAHIA

Educação

1033. Celia Maria Leal Braga

Sistema educacional e desenvolvimento. Objetivos: levantamento e análise dos recursos, funcionamento e perspectivas dos serviços educacionais presentes, e confronto da situação às demandas atuais ou presumíveis em vista das necessidades de capacitação da necessidades para o desenvolvimento. (Source: *Notícias de Centro Latino-Americano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais*.)

1034. João Eurico da Matta. Augusto Duarte (C)

Política e Educação.

Levantamento de dados para e elaboração de um "caso" de administração pública estadual na área específica da "educação. (Source: *Notícias de Centro Latino-Americano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais*.)

UNIVERSIDADE DE BRASÍLIA

DEPARTAMENTO DE SOCIOLOGIA E ANTROPOLOGIA

Sociologia

1035. Ophelina Rabello e Ariovaldo F. Filho. Araci Cruzato, Hamilton M. Mendonça, Sônia N. Amorim, Sônia Sant'Ana de Carvalho (C)

Situação Econômica e Social do Estudante Universitário de Brasília.

Condições de vida. Possibilidades de conciliação entre o estudo e o trabalho. Preocupações e perspectivas. Iniciado, 1968. FAT 1969.

UNIVERSIDADE DO ESTADO DA GUANABARA

INSTITUTO BRASILEIRO DE RELAÇÕES INTERNACIONAIS

História

1036. José Honório Rodrigues

História Geral e Moderna do Brasil.

Obra em dois planos: 1) um volume de 400 páginas para ser publicado em inglês, em Londres e Nova York; 2) 8 vols., 3 de texto, 4 de documentos, e um de índice e bibliografia, a ser publicada em português. Uma tentativa de interpretação da história do Brasil, de caráter integrativo (economia, política, sociedade). Iniciado em 1964. FAT, 1970.

UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DE MINAS GERAIS (FACULDADE DE CIÊNCIAS ECONOMICAS)

História

1037. Roberto Carvalho Mattos

A Indústria Brasileira de Café Solúvel. A pesquisa, baseada principalmente em fontes primárias, analisa a implantação e o desenvolvimento da indústria de café solúvel no Brasil e a viabilidade de colocação do produto no exterior, mormente no que se refere à substituição e à ampliação nos mercados tradicionais, à abertura de novos mercados e às perspectivas para o comércio exportador. Iniciado, 1967. FAT, 1968. Será publicado em 1968 em *Revista Comércio e Mercado*.

1038. Francisco Iglésias

História do processo industrial brasileiro. Perspectiva histórica do desenvolvimento da indústria no Brasil e seu significado no quadro da vida econômica. Tentativa de periodização do processo industrial, com estudo de cada um dos períodos. Iniciado em 1963. Será publicado em 1970 em Melo Horizonte.

1039. ———

Evolução econômica de Minas Gerais.

Estudo da economia de Minas Gerais, dos seus primeiros tempos (fim do século XVIII) aos dias atuais. O objetivo é sobretudo a história atual, no período republicano, de 1890 a 1968. O plano inclui o estudo da agricultura, das atividades de transformação, dos transportes, finanças, mão-de-obra, tecnologia, povoamento, urbanização, bem como os reflexos sociais e políticos. É uma tentativa de compreender a situação de Minas, hoje, bem como sua evolução: o que significa a área e quais as suas perspectivas no quadro geral da economia brasileira. Iniciado em 1968. FAT, 1971. CEDEPLAR (Centro de Estudos e Planejamento Regional. Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais.

MUSEU PARANAENSE

SECAO DE ARQUEOLOGIA E HISTORIA

Antropologia (Arqueologia)

1040. Oldemar Blasi. Luis Henrique Nigro. Ilário Pereira, Carlos Franco e João Werner Kugler (C)

Pinturas rupestres no Vale do Rio Tibagi, Paraná, Brasil.

Novas investigações foram efetuadas junto às

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formações areníticas existentes no Vale do Rio Tibagi, onde registrou-se novas ocorrências de pinturas e indícios da cultura material de índios pré-históricos. Essas investigações complementarão as iniciadas em 1966. (See LARR II:3 (1040). /Museu Paranaense e Fundação educacional do Paraná (FUNDEPAR).)

1041. ———. Carlos Hintz Franco, Ilário Pereira, Luiz Henrique Nigro e João Werner Kugler.

Investigações arqueológicas no Vale do Rio Iguaçu, Porto Amazonas Paraná, Brasil.

No alto Rio Igaçu, pôrto Amazonas, Paraña, numerosos indícios de antigos acampamentos indígenas foram encontrados. Investigações ordenadas revelaram a presença de indícios da cultura material como artefatos líticos, cerâmicos e ósseos, num total de 5.000 amostras. Grandes blocos de pedras areníticas mostram sinais de inscrições gravadas. Datações de C14, em análise, determinarão a cronologia do sítio. Estudos preliminares mostram pertencer os vestígios a índios da grande família Tupi-Gurani. Será publicada por Museu Paranaense em 1969. /Museu Paranaense.

1042. ———. Luis Henrique Nigro, Ilário Pereira, Ayrton Manso da Silva e Ghislene V. Hudziak.

Investigações nas áreas das ruínas de comunidades espanholas e Jesuítas no Paraná. Antiga Província do Guairá.

Além das pesquisas realizadas juntos às ruínas das comunidades espanholas e jesuítas de Vila Rica de Espírito Santo, Santo Inácio Mini, Loreto e São Miguel, encontram-se em andamento aquelas referentes às de São Tomé e arcangelos, Rio Ivaí, Paraná. Levantamentos das ruínas e escavações sistematicas. Estudos de interação cultural entre índios e europeus, séculos XVI e XVII. (See LARR II:3 (1041) for a previous description of this project.) Sera publicada por Museu Paranaense em 1968.

UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DO PARÁ
FACULDADE DE FILOSOFIA, CIÊNCIAS E LETRAS

Educación

1043. Orlando Sampaio Silva

Estudo das atitudes das professoras de ensino primário de Belém em face a uma sociedade em processo de desenvolvimento.

(Source: *Noticias de Centro Latinoamericano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais.*)

1044. ———

Tipo de formação anterior, motivações e aspirações profissionais de alunos de 1ª. série da Faculdade de Filosofia, Ciências e Letras.

(Source: *Noticias de Centro Latino-Americano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais.*)

CENTRO REGIONAL DE PESQUISAS EDUCACIONAIS DO RECIFE, PERNAMBUCO

Educação

1045. Carlos Frederico Maciel. Claudia Monteiro de Moraes (C)

Análise do censo escolar e outras estatísticas de Pernambuco.

Fornecer ao Conselho Estadual de Educação subsídios para a formulação de um plano estadual de educação. Inciado em 1966.

(Source: *Noticias de Centro Latino-Americano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais*)

UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DO RIO DE JANEIRO

Geology

1046. Carlos de Paula Couto

South American Fossil Mammals.

Studies are based on two collections made in the state of Acre, Brazil, by Dr. George Gaylord Simpson for the American Museum of Natural History, New York, and by Dr. Llewellyn Ivor Price for the Divisão de Geologia e Mineralogia, Dept. Nac. Prod. Mineral, Rio de Janeiro, in 1953 and 1955. Begun, 1969, EDC, 1969. /The American Museum of Natural History and the John Simon Guggenheim Memorial Foundation.

History

1047. Eulalia Lobo

Comparative Study of Merchant Communities in Spanish, Portuguese, and Anglo-Saxon Americas during the XVIII Century.

The object of the study is to determine whether there was an independent merchant class or whether this class was dominated by the merchant planter, and to analyze the political influence of the group in either case. Two-thirds of the work has been completed; the remaining third part, Anglo-Saxon America, is now in preparation. EDC, 1968.

Latin American Research Review

1048. ———. Antônio Carlos Pinto Peixoto and Andemar Ferreira Dias (C)

A History of the Americas (A text-book).

Will cover Colonial and Independence periods. Colonial part will be based on economic trends and on population trends. Independence period will emphasize the underdevelopment, theories of development, social obstacles and social forces favourable to development. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1968. To be published in Brazil. /Secretary of Education, Brazil.

SÃO JOSE DO RIO PRETO—SÃO PAULO

FACULDADE DE FILOSOFIA, CIÊNCIAS E LETRAS

Educação

1049. Laura Maria Borges e Santo dos Reis Siqueira

Aspirações profissionais de ginásianos. Estudar as conexões existentes entre aspirações de alunos da 4a série ginásial e a sua origem social, por um lado e, por outro, com o mercado de trabalho. (Source: *Notícias de Centro Latino-Americano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais*.)

UNIVERSIDADE DE SÃO PAULO

FACULDADE DE FILOSOFIA, CIÊNCIAS E LETRAS

Educación

1050. Eva Altermann Blay

O ensino profissional feminino.

Analisar o tipo de ensino ministrado nos ginásios industriais da capital de São Paulo. Confrontar o currículo desenvolvido com as necessidades de mão-de-obra especializada, mudanças sociais globais e resistência social na definição dos novos papéis femininos. /Fundação de Amparo à Pesquisa do Estado de São Paulo. (Source: *Notícias de Centro Latino-Americano de Pesquisas em Ciências Sociais*.)

SOCIEDADE DE PESQUISAS E PLANEJAMENTO (SPLAN)

Sociology

1051. José Arthur Rios. Wit Prochnik, Paulo A. Magalhães and Pedro Geiger

Laventamento sócio-econômico de Juiz de Fora (Minas Gerais).

Estudo da estrutura urbana, social e econômica da região com vistas à elaboração do Plano

Director da cidade e Plano de Desenvolvimento Integrada da Região. Iniciado em 1967. FAT, 1968. Prefeitura Municipal. Federação das Industrias do Estado de Minas Gerais.

CHILE

UNIVERSIDAD CATÓLICA DE CHILE

CENTRO INTERDISCIPLINARIO DE DESARROLLO URBANO

Interdisciplinary

1052. John Friedmann

A Strategy of Deliberate Urbanization.

A series of related studies dealing with various aspects of the relation between urbanization and national development in Chile, specifically, and more generally in Latin America. The study includes three principal areas of study: (1) the socio-economic and political consequences of accelerated urbanization; (2) the role of "growth poles" in the economic development of Chile and Latin America and (3) the role of cities in the process of "modernization." Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969. This study will be published in 1968 by *Journal of the American Institute of Planners*. Other papers have been completed and are available in mimeographed form. /CIDU and Ford Foundation.

1053. ——— and Brian J. L. Berry.

Urbanization and National Development.

A book-length study on the above topic is now in preparation.

UNIVERSIDAD DE CHILE

INSTITUTO DE ADMINISTRACIÓN (INSORA)

Interdisciplinario

1054. Jorge, Nef N., Hugo Zunino, Arturo Hein, José Daie, Jens Alid.

Diagnóstico de la administración pública chilena.

Una descripción y análisis de la urbanización y funcionamiento de la administración pública chilena, empleando un molde de referencia estructural funcional, que pretende bosquejar las principales relaciones que se dan entre la Administración (considerada como un sistema) y otros sub-sistemas sociales. Se inició en 1967. Se publicará en 1971 por INSORA. /Universidad de Chile, Dirección de Presupuestos.

CURRENT RESEARCH INVENTORY

1055. Francisco Salazar Muñoz, Diógenes Ramírez, y Jorge López

Gobierno y administración municipal en Chile.

Se pretende adquirir un conocimiento de la realidad chilena en este campo con fines académicos de análisis y proyección. Para ello se pretende estudiar el gobierno municipal dentro de un contrato social, político, económico, y administrativo. Se inició en 1966. FAT, 1968. Será publicado por INSORA en 1969.

Sociología

1056. Manuel Barrera

Ideologías y actitudes de los obreros del cobre en Chile.

Antecedentes sociales, ideologías y actitudes frente al trabajo, empresa y medio ambiente de los grupos de obreros. Impacto de las variables "aislamiento" y "gobierno sindical." Se inició en 1967. FAT, 1968. /Universidad de Chile.

1057. ———. Jorge Barria (C)

Actitudes de la elite empresarial chilena hacia la integración Latinoamericana.

Se aplicará un cuestionario a los directivos de las principales asociaciones de empresarios. Se inició en 1967. Será publicado en Santiago en 1969.

INSTITUTO LATINAMERICANO DE PLANIFICACIÓN ECONOMICA Y SOCIAL

Economics

1058. Pierre R. Crosson (Resources for the Future). Cornelia Marchán (C)

Agricultural Productivity in Chile.

On the basis of production function analysis some 250 farms in the Central Valley of Chile are divided into groups of more productive and less productive. The magnitude of the total productivity differences is measured and the contribution of each input to these differences determined. The role of institutional and managerial factors in accounting for productivity differences is analyzed. Begun, 1966. EDC, 1968.

Law

1059. Daniel L. Stewart

Use and Control of Water Resources in Chile under the Agrarian Reform Law of 1967.

The economic and legal implications for water

use and control of the Agrarian Reform Law of 1967: problems that must be faced and resolved to bring about a modification of the status quo. Begun, 1967. EDC, 1969. To be published in the U.S. and in Chile. /International Legal Center and Land Tenure Center (University of Wisconsin).

UNIVERSIDAD DE CONCEPCIÓN

Sociology

1060. Roy E. Carter (University of Minnesota) and Orlando Sepúlveda (University of Concepción)

Functions of Television in the Lives of Residents of Santiago de Chile: A Study of Mass Communication and Modernization.

Researchers seek to test a series of hypotheses concerning ways in which opinion leaders use mass media content in connection with their roles in the development process. Begun, 1968. EDC, 1969. /SSRC.

UNIVERSIDAD DEL NORTE

Historia

1061. José María Casassas Canto

Historia de la Iglesia Católica en la provincia de Antofagasta.

Investigación sobre el desarrollo estructural de la Iglesia Católica en esta zona, tanto en el período colonial como a partir de la Independencia. También toda la acción pastoral del clero secular y la de las comunidades religiosas. Se inició en 1966. FAT, 1970. Será publicada en *Anales de la Universidad del Norte*.

ECUADOR

INSTITUTO NACIONAL DE INVESTIGACIONES AGROPECUARIAS. (INIAP)

Agropecuaria

1062. Fabián Protilla R., Director General, y colaboradores

Los cultivos y actividades ganaderas de las regiones del Ecuador.

El objetivo del proyecto es elevar la productividad agropecuaria a través de innovaciones agronómicas y técnicas. Iniciado, 1962.

Latin American Research Review

MUSEO DE ARTE E HISTORIA (QUITO)

Historia

1063. Hugo Moncayo. Judith Paredes Z., Remberto Rodríguez, Angel Ponce, Gustave Chiribega.

Publicaciones sobre la historia de la ciudad de Quito.

Editar las "Primicias de la Cultura de Quito," "El Monitor Quiteño," y "El Quiteño Libre." En preparación. FAT, 1968. Serán publicadas en Quito en 1968. /Municipio de Quito.

PERÚ

ESCUELA DE ADMINISTRACIÓN DE NEGOCIOS PARA GRADUADOS (ESAN)

Administración de Negocios

1064. Konrad Fischer Rossi. Jorge Namisato Namisato

Descripción del Mercadeo en el Perú.

Será publicada en Perú. /ESAN.

1065. ——— y Luis Escalante V

Guía de las fuentes secundarias de información para mercadeo en Latinoamérica.

Se inició en 1968. FAT 1970. Será publicado por CLADEM. (Terminada la guía piloto para Perú; ejecutado por Imelda de Mesarina, Frank Meissner y Carlos Martijena.)

MINISTERIO DE EDUCACIÓN PÚBLICA CENTRO DE INVESTIGACIONES PEDAGÓGICAS

Educación

1066. Ernesto Esteban A. Rolland G. Paulston (Teacher's College, Columbia University) (C).

Desarrollo somático y rendimiento físico del escolar peruano.

Examina las características somáticas y el rendimiento físico de los niños en las escuelas fiscales del Perú (muestra del 20%) entre los 11-18 años de edad. Se incluyen los análisis estadísticos de los resultados por sexo, medidas, y regiones geográficas (por ejemplo, costa, sierra y selva). Este es un estudio explorador y empírico del crecimiento del niño y de su desarrollo en el Perú. Se inició en 1968. Será publicado por Centro de Investigaciones Pedagógicas en Lima, Perú. /TCCU Center for Education in Latin America. AID.

1067. Sydney R. Grant (Teachers College, Columbia University)

Barreras al cambio educacional en Perú. Enfoca la tarea de un grupo extranjero asesor y los diferentes aspectos de rol en su trabajo en el Ministerio de Educación Pública. Enumera varios problemas que surgen cuando se trata de promover el cambio educacional: el factor tiempo, personalismo, legalismo, a las barreras inherentes en la existencia de un grupo de asesores extranjeros. Se inició en 1967. Será publicado en 1968 por Teachers College.

1068. Rolland G. Paulston

Estudio de los egresados de educación secundaria técnica, 1961-1967.

In preparation. Será publicado en 1969 por el Centro de Investigaciones Pedagógicas, CIP.

1069. Mario M. Cerna Rodríguez. (Teachers College, Columbia University) (C)

Deserción escolar en la Provincia de Ica, Perú.

En preparación. Será publicado por el Centro de Investigaciones Pedagógicas.

INSTITUTO DE EDUCACIÓN INDUSTRIAL DE VARONES

Educación

1070. Francisco Saéz Jáuregui, Edgard Valdivia, Alfredo Sandoval. Directores y profesores de los institutos de Educación Industrial de Varones de Lima y Callao (C)

Estudio sobre el destino de los egresados de educación técnica.

Se trata de ubicar a los egresados de Educación Industrial de Varones de Lima y Callao, determinar sus actividades después de su egreso del centro de enseñanza industrial, y medir el grado de aceptación que han tenido en la industria con la preparación recibida en los planteles técnicos. Se inició en 1968. Será publicada en 1968. /Teachers College, Columbia University.

MINISTERIO DE TRABAJO Y COMUNIDADES-SERVICIO DEL EMPLEO Y RECURSOS CENTRO DE INVESTIGACIONES SOCIALES POR MUESTREO

Interdisciplinario

1071. Luis Castañeda Ramírez. Eduardo Prieto Anicama, Alfonso Alcalde Lara, Ana Rivera S., Charles Lininger (University of Michigan)

CURRENT RESEARCH INVENTORY

Características socioeconómicas de las ciudades de Lima y Callao
Usando una muestra probabilística, polietápica y estratificada se seleccionaron alrededor de 1,100 viviendas, en las que se encuestaron a los residentes habituales de 12 años y más, obteniéndose información suficiente para cubrir áreas como: vivienda, aspectos demográficos, migración, mano de obra, ingresos, movilidad ocupacional, educación, participación institucional, estratificación social, movilidad social y actitudes. Esta información será objeto, en primer lugar, de un análisis de tipo descriptivo y posteriormente de un análisis de tipo inferencial. Se inició en 1966. FAT, 1968. Será publicado en 1968 en Perú. /CISM and DESCO.

Demografía

1072. Edgar Flores, Delma del Valle, y Godofredo Aranda. Albert Marckwardt (University of Michigan)

Encuesta de fecundidad y conocimiento y uso de métodos anticonceptivos en la ciudad de Cerro de Pasco.

Las investigación abarca los siguientes temas: características demográficas y de vivienda; actitudes hacia la fecundidad; medidas de la fecundidad; y conocimiento y uso de métodos anticonceptivos. Se inició en 1967. Será publicada en Perú en 1968. /Population Council. Universidad Cayetano Heredia.

1073. Avival Lopez Lazo. Dr. Lininger and Dr. Andrews and personnel of the Division de Programación de Recursos Humanos (C)

Estudio de mercado de trabajo (1966-1967).

Investigar las tendencias del empleo, remuneraciones y horas de trabajo en sectores económicos tradicionales, en especial en los sectores manufactureros, construcción, comercio, transportes y servicios. Preparar series históricas e índices de empleo. Se inició en 1967. FAT, 1968.

Sociología

1074. Julio Molina Romani. Frank Andrews (University of Michigan)

Encuesta sobre turismo.

Medir los canales de información, actitudes y opiniones, satisfacción e insatisfacción de los turistas extranjeros. Se inició en 1968. FAT, 1968. /COTURPERU y IATA.

1075. ———. Eduardo Prieto, Ana Rivera.

Frank Andrews (University of Michigan)
Características socio-económicas de la población de la ciudad de Iquitos.

Se inició en 1966. FAT, 1968. /CISM y ONPU.

1076. Eduardo Prieto, Francisco Codina. Albert Marckwardt (Univ. of Michigan) (C)

Características socio-económicas y realidad agropecuaria de Moyobamba.

Se inició en 1967. FAT, 1968.

UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL MAYOR DE SAN MARCOS

DEPARTAMENTO DE ANTROPOLOGÍA E INSTITUTO DE ESTUDIOS ETNOLÓGICOS DEL MUSEO DE LA CULTURA PERUANA

Antropología

1077. Emilio Mendizábal L.

Estudio del complejo cultural de la coca.

La producción de las hojas de coca y su consumo en relación a actividades sociales, mágico-religiosas, etc. El trabajo de campo que se realiza complementa la revisión de crónicas para la época pre-hispana, ordenanzas y leyes de Indias para la época colonial y publicaciones más recientes. Una investigación previa del autor sobre el tema: "El awkillu entre los descendientes de los chupachos," fue publicado por Facultad de Educación y Letras, Universidad Nacional de Huánuco en 1965. /Smithsonian Institution (para el trabajo de campo); Facultad de Letras y Ciencias Humanas de la Universidad de San Marcos y Museo de la Cultura Peruana.

1078. Fernando Silva Santisteban

El mito del mestizaje.

Análisis del proceso de aculturación en el área andina peruana. Se plantea cómo es que las formas de la cultura no pueden mezclarse o amestizarse, como vulgarmente se cree. Sugerencias para un proyecto de integración. Se inició en 1964. FAT, 1969.

Historia

1079. Carlos Radicati di Primeglio

Corpus Quiporum Peruanarum.

Descripción detallada del mayor número posible de quipas, editados e inéditos con la finalidad de reunir el material necesario para demostrar, con el auxilio de las máquinas electrónicas, la existencia del quipu extranumeral,

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cuya clave es la "seriación" de cuerdas. Se inició en 1964. FAT, 1970.

1080. Ella Dunbar Temple

El problema de la tierra y la gran propiedad rural en el Perú.

Abarca desde el siglos XVI con sus antecedentes prehispánicos; se estudió todos los aspectos del tema y al hilo del mismo se enfocan problemas sociales y económicos del habitat rural, trabajo en las haciendas, problemas de producción y precios, mestizaje y demografía etc. En síntesis se analiza la vida rural del indígena y mestizo peruano en el lapso de los siglos XVI al XVIII. Se inició en 1947. FAT 1970. Se publicará por la Universidad de San Marcos.

INSTITUTO DE INVESTIGACIONES SOCIOLOGICAS

Sociología

1081. Julio Cotler

Clase social de los líderes políticos.

Objetivos: Detectar el origen social de los líderes políticos que han operado en los últimos 50 años de la vida republicana. *Metodología:* Análisis del contenido de documentos y de testimonios de personas calificadas. *Estado de la investigación:* Diseño de los instrumentos de recolección de datos.

1082. Edmundo Fuenzalida (FLACSO). José Mejía Valera y Jesús Véliz Lizárraga (O)

Subdesarrollo y saber superior.

Bajo la dirección científica del profesor Fuenzalida y con del auspicio de la Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (Flacso) se ha emprendido una investigación comparativa en Chile, Brasil y Perú sobre algunos problemas sociales relativos a saber superior, cuyo análisis estará a cargo del referido profesor. La recolección de datos en el Perú y su análisis se efectuará por los directores asociados del proyecto; profesores José Mejía Valera y Jesús Véliz Lizárraga, con el auspicio del Instituto de Investigaciones Sociológicas de la Universidad de San Marcos. El estudio se refiere a la estructura social del saber superior en la hipótesis que existe un grado diferencial en la institucionalización y en la internalización de dicha estructura, la cual sigue una pauta definida de interrelación con las subestructuras política y económica de la sociedad global. *Metodología:* Los datos se han recogido mediante una encuesta hecha en 1967 a una

muestra de profesores y alumnos universitarios que representan tres tipos de saber: tecnológico, científico y humanístico. *Estado de la investigación:* Procesamiento mecánico de los datos por el sistema IBM.

1083. Hernán Godoy y José Mejía Valera

Los Intelectuales.

La investigación tiene por objeto mostrar: 1) Los factores determinantes de la orientación vocacional de los intelectuales; 2) la determinación de los grupos intelectuales, divididos en generaciones y sus diferentes perspectivas de la problemática nacional, especialmente referida al Desarrollo; 3) las motivaciones; 4) la existencia de grupos de acción intelectual constituidos sobre la base de atracciones y repulsiones; 5) la situación objetiva de clase a que pertenezcan los intelectuales peruanos; 6) definición del papel social del intelectual en el Perú. Se inició en 1965. En preparación.

1084. Aníbal Ismodes Cairo

Sexualidad y socialización.

Estudio de las relaciones visibles y de profundidad que se dan en el ejercicio de la prostitución en Lima. Correlación entre las siguientes variables; niveles de ingreso, continuidad en el ejercicio de la prostitución, características económicas antes de iniciarse el dicho ejercicio, planes para el futuro, placer e indiferencia sexuales durante la ocupación, opiniones y actitudes frente a los hombres, a las oportunidades para dedicarse a otros menesteres y al ahorro. Vinculación de la prostituta con el sistema de protección masculino, propio del ambiente. Los datos se recogieron en 1966 mediante una encuesta efectuadas a 400 prostitutas y entrevistas grabadas a tratantes de blancas. Codificación y procesamiento mecánico de los datos mediante el sistema IBM.

1085. ———

Consumidores de la Prostitución.

Objetivos: Determinación de las formas de socialización de la conducta sexual en Lima, y estudio de las motivaciones para el consumo de la prostitución. Los datos se recogerán mediante la aplicación de un cuestionario a una muestra de consumidores de la prostitución. *Estado de la investigación:* Formulación de las hipótesis de trabajo, diseño de la muestra y de los instrumentos de recolección de datos.

1086. José Mejía Valera

Los Barrios marginales de Lima.

Las investigación pretende: 1) Mostrar la composición de las "barriadas" de Lima, desde el punto de vista del origen geográfico de sus habitantes. 2) Encontrar las modalidades de la desorganización social existente. 3) Establecer el grado de integración comunitaria en el barrio, el de la participación de los vecinos en las Asociaciones de Pobladores y el papel desempeñado por ésta. 4) Detectar el tipo de aspiraciones y su correlación con factores tales como el ingreso, la posición objetiva de clase, la autoidentificación clasista, la ocupación antes y después de haber migrado a Lima, 5) determinación de las condiciones de la vivienda, la densidad de su población, el hacinamiento humano resultante, etc. Los datos se recolectaron en 1966 mediante una encuesta a una muestra de 1,162 habitantes de tres barrios marginales típicos de la ciudad de Lima, estratificados según su antigüedad y tamaño. En preparación.

1087. ———

Liderazgo Sindical.

Objetivos: mostrar la estructura social del sindicato en la industria manufacturera de Lima. Estudiar las características del liderazgo sindical en relación con la estructura social de sindicato. Establecer la actitud diferencial de los líderes sindicales de acuerdo con sus diferentes status sobre la base de la hipótesis de que dichas actitudes se modifican a medida que se asciende o desciende en los escalones de la organización. Detectar la estructura del poder sindical y las tendencias de su utilización. Establecer la correlación que exista entre el tipo de liderazgo (carismático y administrativo) y el grado de afianzamiento a la organización sindical a la que pertenezca. Describir las tendencias ideológicas de los líderes sindicales. *Metodología:* Los datos se recolectarán mediante entrevistas a base de un cuestionario aplicado a una muestra de líderes que se extraerá de otra de centros de trabajo estratificados.

1088. Jesús Véliz Lizárraga

Determinantes sociales del desarrollo regional.

Los objetivos—estudiar los determinantes sociales del desarrollo regional para cuyo efecto se intentará: 1. Detectar los grupos sociales

con status revelantes. 2. Establecer el grado del potencial humano para el desarrollo, a través de la relevancia del status regional. Describir las características de dicho potencial para el desarrollo en el supuesto que dicha relevancia pueda comprender: a) la migración como proceso para lograr el equilibrio de su configuración y b) el asentamiento en la comunidad y su conversión en potencial para el desarrollo. La recolección de los datos se efectuó en 1966 mediante un cuestionario aplicado a una muestra de 200 personas del área urbana y 200 del área rural, en las provincias de Huancayo, Jauja, Tarma, Yauli, Concepción, Satipo y Junín.

1089. ———

Opiniones y actitudes frente a la educación.

En la hipótesis de que en los países subdesarrollados existe una asincronía institucional, manifestada en el desajuste entre los sectores económico y educacional, que produce una tendencia a la formación de un sector terciario que no alcanzaría a ser absorbido por la estructura social, la investigación tiene por objeto someter a comprobación los siguientes supuestos: 1. La asincronía institucional educación-economía, 2. La importancia asignada a la educación como elemento para comprender los problemas provenientes del medio social externo, con distintos grados de apertura, 3. La imagen del sistema educacional como subsistema de estratificación dentro de la estratificación global. *Metodología:* para someter a comprobación la hipótesis de la asincronía institucional educación-economía se procederá a un análisis contextual comparativo entre países colocados en distintas posiciones dentro del continuo que va del polo "asincronía institucional completa" hasta el de "ajuste institucional perfecto," utilizando los datos de los censos y estadísticas sobre la materia. Los datos para la comprobación del resto de las hipótesis se recolectarán mediante la aplicación de un cuestionario a estudiantes secundarios, universitarios y padres de familia.

1090. Alberto Wagner de Reyna (Delegación permante del Perú ante la UNESCO)

La guerra con España: 1836-1867.

Será publicada en 1968 en Perú.

See LARR III:4 for the Supplementary Listing. It will cover projects received too late for publication in this issue and projects from those areas not covered in III:3.



UNO TANTO SE FATIGA

Lithograph BY ANTONIO SEGUI, ARGENTINA.

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