

EARLY MUSIC HISTORY

3

Studies in
medieval and
early modern
music

Edited by Iain Fenlon

EARLY MUSIC HISTORY 3

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STUDIES IN MEDIEVAL AND EARLY MODERN MUSIC

Edited by

IAIN FENLON

Fellow of King's College, Cambridge

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EDITOR'S NOTE

Edward Roesner's review–article dealing with editions of early polyphony has been held over in order to take account of H. Tischler, *The Earliest Motets (to circa 1270): A Complete Comparative Edition*, 3 vols. (New Haven and London, 1982).

NOTES FOR CONTRIBUTORS

PRESENTATION

Contributors should write in English, or be willing to have their articles translated. All typescripts must be double spaced with margins of at least 2.5 cm (1"). Footnotes, bibliographies, appendixes, tables and displayed quotations must also be double spaced. The 'top' (ribbon) copy of the typescript must be supplied. Scripts submitted for consideration will not normally be returned unless specifically requested.

Tables, graphs, diagrams and music examples must be supplied on separate sheets from the text of the article. Illustrations should be in the form of black and white prints, measuring 20.3 × 15.2 cm (8" × 6"). All illustrative material should carry the contributor's name and should be numbered and carefully keyed into the typescript. Captions should be separately typed, double spaced.

SPELLING

English spelling, idiom and terminology should be used, e.g. bar (not measure), note (not tone), quaver (not eighth note). Where there is an option, '-ise' endings should be preferred to '-ize'.

PUNCTUATION

English punctuation practice should be followed: (1) single quotation marks, except for 'a "quote" within a quote'; (2) punctuation outside quotation marks, unless a complete sentence is quoted; (3) no comma before 'and' in a series; (4) footnote indicators follow punctuation; (5) square brackets [] only for interpolation in

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quoted matter; (6) no stop after abbreviations that include the last letter of a word, e.g. Dr, St (but Prof.).

QUOTATIONS

A quotation of no more than 60 words of prose or one line of verse should be continuous within the text and enclosed in single quotation marks. Longer quotations should be displayed and quotation marks should not be used. For quotations from foreign languages, the English translation should be given in the text, the foreign-language original in the footnote.

NUMBERS

Numbers below 100 should be spelled out, except page, bar, folio numbers etc., sums of money and specific quantities, e.g. 20 ducats, 45 mm. Pairs of numbers should be elided as follows: 190–1, 198–9, 198–201, 212–13. Dates should be given in the following forms: 10 January 1983, the 1980s, sixteenth century (16th century in tables and lists), sixteenth-century polyphony.

CAPITALISATION

Incipits in all languages (motets, songs, etc.), and titles except in English, should be capitalised as in running prose; titles in English should have all important words capitalised, e.g. *The Pavin of Delight*. Most offices should have a lower-case initial except in official titles, e.g. ‘the Lord Chancellor entered the cathedral’, ‘Bishop Fisher entered the cathedral’ (but ‘the bishop entered the cathedral’). Names of institutions should have full (not prose-style) capitalisation, e.g. Liceo Musicale.

ITALICS

Titles and incipits of musical works in italic, but not genre titles or sections of the Mass/English Service, e.g. Kyrie, Magnificat. Italics for foreign words should be kept to a minimum; in general they should be used only for unusual words or if a word might be mistaken for English if not italicised. Titles of manuscripts should be roman in

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quotes, e.g. 'Rules How to Compose'. Names of institutions should be roman.

BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Authors' and editors' forenames should not be given, only initials; where possible, editors should be given for Festschriften, conference proceedings, symposia, etc. In titles, all important words in English should be capitalised; all other languages should follow prose-style capitalisation, except for journal and series titles which should follow English capitalisation. Titles of series should be included, in roman, where relevant. Journal and series volume numbers should be given in arabic, volumes of a set in roman ('vol.' will not be used). Places and dates of publication should be included but not publishers' names. Dissertation titles should be given in roman and enclosed in quotation marks. Page numbers should be preceded by 'p.' or 'pp.' in all contexts. The first citation of a bibliographical reference should include full details; subsequent citations may use the author's surname, short title and relevant page numbers only. *Ibid.* and *op. cit.* may be used, but not *loc. cit.*

ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviations for manuscript citations, libraries, periodicals, series, etc. should not be used without explanation; after the first full citation an abbreviation may be used throughout text and notes. Standard abbreviations may be used without explanation. In the text, 'Example', 'Figure' and 'bars' should be used (not 'Ex.', 'Fig.', 'bb.'). In references to manuscripts, 'fols.' should be used (not 'ff.') and 'v' (verso) and 'r' (recto) should be typed superscript where appropriate. The word for 'saint' should be spelled out or abbreviated according to language, e.g. San Andrea, SS. Pietro e Paolo, St Paul, St Agnes, St Denis, Ste Clothilde.

NOTE NAMES

Flats, sharps and naturals should be indicated by the conventional signs, not words. Note names should be roman and capitalised where general, e.g. C major, but should be italic and follow the Helmholtz code where specific (*C*,, *C*, *C c c' c'' c'''*; *c'* = middle C).