

NEWS AND NOTES

PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

Compiled by the Managing Editor

The forty-fifth annual meeting of the American Political Science Association will be held in New York City at the Hotels Roosevelt and Astor, December 28, 29, and 30. The meeting will again open with a general session, which this year will be on "The Current Status of International Coöperation." In order to give opportunity to more members to participate and to find discussions meeting their particular needs, some fifty round tables and section meetings have been scheduled. Sessions will continue through the afternoon of the third day. On each of four themes—(1) The United States in Its World Setting, (2) Liberty versus Authority in the Age of Revolutionary Change, (3) Executive Reorganization, and (4) The Bases of Political Science—five related sessions are planned, each group designed to constitute an integrated sequence. Three luncheons will each be followed by smaller discussion groups at which it is anticipated that the luncheon speakers will be present. The themes of the three luncheons—"The Nature of National Strength," "A Re-Thinking of the Relationships between Religion and Democracy," and "Executive Reorganization"—are tied into the first three of the four aforementioned sequences. The presidential address is scheduled for the evening of December 28. In general, the choice of subjects for these and other section meetings and round tables constitutes an attempt to identify and lay open for further exploration the key areas in contemporary political science. Many areas are those emphasized by the various panels of the Research Committee. A complete list will appear in the preliminary program shortly to be mailed to members. Several such meetings will take the form of reports to the Association by certain of its committees. On the evening of December 29, younger members of the Association will be given an opportunity to take part in informal and intimate discussions with a number of the senior members selected from among those who have made outstanding contributions in various fields of political science. Some twenty discussions are scheduled, each limited to not more than fifteen of the younger men and each led by two "seniors" who are leaders in the same field. The American Economic Association, the American Sociological Society, the Industrial Relations Research Association, and the National Council for the Social Studies are meeting at the same time, and several section meetings will bear the joint sponsorship of one or more of these sister organizations.—ERNEST S. GRIFFITH, CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON PROGRAM.

At the coming New York meeting of the American Political Science Association, the Committee on Nominations (Arthur N. Holcombe, Harvard University, chairman) will propose the following as officers for 1950: president, James K. Pollock (University of Michigan); president-elect, Peter H. Odegard (University of California); vice-presidents, Ralph J. Bunche (United Nations),

Oliver P. Field (Indiana University), and Robert J. Harris (Louisiana State University); members of the Executive Council for two years, Kenneth C. Cole (University of Washington), John D. Millett (Columbia University), and Francis O. Wilcox (Staff, U. S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee); members of the Executive Council for one year, Ethan P. Allen (University of Kansas), Hallie Farmer (University of Alabama), and Matthew C. Mitchell (Brown University).

Dr. Marshall E. Dimock served as visiting professor at New York University during the summer, conducting courses in the program of graduate studies in social science.

Professor Lloyd M. Short, of the University of Minnesota, has been appointed a member of the state's Efficiency in Government Commission.

At the University of Illinois, Dr. Phillips Bradley has resigned as director of the Institute of Labor and Industrial Relations in order to devote full time to his duties as professor of political science. He will work in the field of public administration.

Dr. H. J. van Mook, Netherlands minister of overseas territories and lieutenant governor-general of the Netherlands East Indies, is serving as visiting professor at the University of California (Berkeley) during the fall semester, and is offering courses on colonies in world politics and economic problems of undeveloped areas, and a seminar on Southeastern Asia.

Professor Taylor Cole, of Duke University, and managing editor-elect of this REVIEW, spent the summer in Germany as a consultant with the Civil Administrative Division of OMGUS.

During September, Professor Robert A. Horn, of the University of Chicago, conducted a series of lectures and discussions on American government at the Armed Forces Information School, Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania.

At the University of Chicago, Dr. Lester G. Seligman has been promoted to an assistant professorship in the College. His current field of work is political leadership.

Professor James W. Drury, of the University of Kansas, has been doing research work in Washington with the public administration case studies program sponsored by four eastern universities.

During the past summer, Professor H. B. Chubb, of the University of Kansas, gave courses in the summer session of Northwestern University.

During part of the past summer, Professor Robert S. Rankin, of Duke University, served with the Connecticut Commission on State Government Organization.

At Rutgers University, Dr. Bennett M. Rich has been advanced to an associate professorship.

Dr. Vladas Juodeika, of Briar Cliff College, Sioux City, Iowa, has accepted an associate professorship at the University of Portland, Portland, Oregon.

At Yale University, Dr. M. Henry Wells has been advanced to the rank of assistant professor.

At Boston University, Dr. Lashley G. Harvey has been advanced to a full professorship and will occupy the Maxwell chair of government and citizenship once held by Frederick A. Cleveland.

Dr. John H. McDonough, formerly of the University of Mississippi, has become a member of the political science department at Georgetown University and will conduct graduate and undergraduate courses in international relations.

Dr. Frederick F. Blachly and his wife, Dr. Miriam E. Oatman, formerly of Washington, D. C., are now associated with the State Teachers College of New Mexico at Silver City.

During the autumn quarter, Professor Hugh A. Bone, of the University of Washington, is substituting at Stanford University for Professor Thomas S. Barclay, on leave while teaching at the University of Michigan.

At the University of Mississippi, Dr. Charles N. Fortenberry has been promoted to a full professorship and Messrs. Edward H. Hobbs and John A. Houston, who are completing their graduate work at Harvard University and the University of Michigan, respectively, have been appointed to assistant professorships.

Mr. Martin W. Moser, instructor at the University of Maryland, has been assigned to teach extension courses in the American armed forces centers in Germany, and Mr. Abner K. Pratt, II, of the Southern Regional Training Program and the University of Tennessee, has been employed to take his place at College Park.

Mr. James A. Norton, of Florida State University, offered courses at Louisiana State University during the summer term.

Professors Leon H. Ellis, of Duke University, and Willard N. Hogan, of Bertha College, taught at West Virginia University during the summer session, and Professor Amry Vandenbosch, of the University of Kentucky, conducted a United Nations Workshop during the second half of the term.

Professor John A. Vieg, of Pomona College, was one of the lecturers at the International Service Seminar held at Valle Verde School, Sodona, Arizona, under auspices of the American Friends Service Committee, during the last week of July.

Professor Robert R. Wilson, of Duke University, undertook a mission for the Department of State during the summer, most of his time being spent in Washington and India.

Professor James J. Robbins, a member of the faculty of the School of Social Sciences and Public Affairs at the American University since 1941, has been elected vice-president of the University.

At the University of Minnesota, Dr. Charles H. McLaughlin has been promoted to the rank of associate professor.

Mr. Ivan Nagy, until 1948 first secretary of the Hungarian Legation in Washington, is now assistant professor at the University of Oregon and offering courses in the fields of comparative government and international relations.

During the current year, Dr. James W. Fesler, of the University of North Carolina, is serving as visiting professor at the University of California (Berkeley) and giving courses in the field of public administration.

Professor Elwyn A. Mauck has resigned his post at the University of Maryland to devote full time to the directorship of the State Fiscal Research Bureau in Baltimore. During the last academic year, Dr. Mauck divided his time between the University and the Bureau.

Professor Christian L. Larsen, of the University of South Carolina, has accepted a professorship, and also the directorship of the Bureau of Public Administration, at the University of Maryland. Professor Joseph M. Ray relinquished the directorship in order to devote more time to his duties as head of the political science department.

During the first half of the current academic year, Dr. Pitman B. Potter, dean of the graduate division of the School of Social Sciences and Public Affairs at the American University, is serving as visiting professor of international relations and world affairs for the Watumull Foundation at Delhi University. While in India, Dean Potter will lecture at a number of other universities, with additional lectures in Bangkok and Honolulu on his return trip.

Mr. C. Edwin Gilmour, of the University of Pennsylvania, has accepted a teaching position at Grinnell College.

Dr. Robert Scalapino, of Harvard University, has been appointed assistant professor at the University of California (Berkeley) and will offer courses on the Far East.

Mr. Oscar Stradinger, who is completing his graduate work at the University of Chicago, has been appointed assistant professor at Whittier College and will conduct courses principally in the field of public administration.

Dr. Alfred Hotz, recently teaching at Triple Cities College, Syracuse University, has been appointed to a post at Western Reserve University.

Professor Reuben G. Steinmeyer, of the University of Maryland, left late in August for several months' study of government in Germany and other European countries.

During August, Professor Lincoln Smith, formerly of the University of

California (Los Angeles), served as administrative counsel at hearings before the International Joint Commission between the United States and Canada held in northern Maine and the province of New Brunswick. A book by Professor Smith on New England power problems will be published in the spring.

At the University of California (Berkeley), Dr. Dwight Waldo has been advanced to the rank of associate professor.

Mr. Edmund C. Mester is a new instructor at the University of Maryland.

At the University of Pennsylvania, Mr. G. Edward Jansoik has been appointed instructor.

Messrs. Malcolm P. Parsons and Ralph A. Straetz, graduate students at the University of Illinois, have accepted instructorships at the University of Oklahoma and Miami University, respectively.

Mr. Rhoten A. Smith, instructor at the University of Kansas, is now teaching at Stanford University, and Mr. Thomas Page has returned from graduate work at the University of Minnesota to teach at Kansas.

Dr. Martin B. Travis, Jr., has joined the staff of Duke University as assistant professor in the field of Latin American institutions.

Mr. Grady H. Nunn, part-time instructor at New York University, has accepted an instructorship at the University of Alabama.

During the fall term, Professor Gerhart Niemeyer, chairman of the division of citizenship, is on leave from Oglethorpe University.

Duke University has concluded an arrangement with the United States Government whereby twelve German students will do graduate work at the University during the period from September, 1949, to September, 1950.

Dr. Kenneth O. Warner has resigned his position in the Office of Human Resources, National Security Resources Board, to accept the directorship of the Civil Service Assembly of the United States and Canada, with headquarters in Chicago. During the past few years in Washington, Dr. Warner, in addition to his government assignments, has conducted graduate courses and seminars in public administration and personnel management at the American University and the Catholic University of America.

American political scientists employed as experts during the past summer with Civil Administration Division, OMGUS, at Frankfurt, Germany, included Professors Karl Loewenstein (Amherst College), Taylor Cole (Duke University), Harold M. Dorr (University of Michigan), George C. Benson (Claremont Men's College), Harvey C. Mansfield (Ohio State University), Ivan Stone (Beloit College), Elmer E. Schattschneider and Sigmund Neumann (Wesleyan University), and Roger H. Wells (Bryn Mawr College). Professor Harold Zink (Ohio State University) also spent two weeks in Germany at the invitation of the CAD.

Professor Charles P. Schleicher, of the University of Oregon, served as dean of the Northwest Institute of International Relations held at Reed College June 13-18. Other political scientists participating were Professors Harold D. Lasswell of Yale University, Kline Swygard of Oregon State College, and L. E. Shuck of Lewis and Clark College. The conference theme was "American Foreign Policy—A World View."

Professors George A. Graham, Marver H. Bernstein, and Donald G. MacDonald, of Princeton University, are making a study of eight Connecticut agencies in the field of regulatory administration for the Connecticut Commission on State Government Organization. A preliminary report is to be submitted in October, and a final one in November.

Mr. Gary Brazier, research assistant on the Intergovernmental Relations Research project at the University of Minnesota, has been promoted to assistant director of the project and also will serve as a part-time instructor in the department of political science. Mr. Lloyd W. Woodruff has been promoted to research associate on the project. The following graduate assistants in the political science department at Minnesota have accepted teaching positions for next year: Mr. Charles Adrian as instructor at Wayne University, and Mr. Robert Berg, instructor at the University of Wisconsin, Green Bay branch.

Miss Gweldolen M. Carter, of Smith College, devoted her sabbatical year, 1948-49, to studying at first hand the postwar international position of the British Commonwealth. Travelling under the auspices of the Institute of Pacific Relations, the Social Science Research Council, and the Canadian Institute of International Affairs, Miss Carter spent the summer and autumn of 1948 in the United Kingdom and Ireland, visited Malta, Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika, Zanzibar, and Southern Rhodesia on her way to the Union of South Africa where she spent the winter, went from there to Asia where she travelled in India, Pakistan, and Ceylon, stopped briefly in Singapore, and then travelled throughout Australia and New Zealand, combining her investigations with lecturing for national organizations.

Under the immediate supervision of Professors Wellman J. Warner and Ray F. Harvey, the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences at New York University offered during the recent summer session a program of graduate studies in the social sciences centering around the topic "Public Policy and Social Action," and embracing courses on basic conflicts of modern ideology; public policy today; political history of our times; administrative process; main currents in economic thought today; labor in America today; and institutional change and public policy.

A two-day institute of politics was held at Valparaiso University during the last week of July, with Mr. Louis P. Lochner, Senator Homer E. Capehart, Mayor Frank P. Zeidler, and Mr. Milton Carpenter, comptroller of St. Louis, among the principal speakers.

Teaching appointments have been accepted by recent graduate students of the University of Chicago as follows: Dr. Paul Ashby, University of North Carolina; Mr. Richard Baisden, Occidental College; Mr. George Belknap, University of Michigan; Dr. Loren Beth, Bradley University; Mr. Ray Bronez, Western Reserve University; Dr. H. Paul Castleberry, State College of Washington; Mr. Charles Farris, University of Alabama; Mr. Gerald Grady, University of Maine; Mr. Stanley Gabis, University of Illinois; Mr. John Harris, University of Southern California; Mr. Allan Healy, Hamilton College; Dr. Daniel Ogden, State College of Washington; Mr. William B. Storm, University of Southern California; Mr. Philip Sirotkin, University College, University of Chicago, for the autumn quarter; Mr. Oscar Stradinger, Whittier College; and Mr. J. Lee Westrate, University of Omaha.

A conference on the North Atlantic Treaty was held at the University of Illinois in July under the sponsorship of the Institute of Government and Public Affairs. The discussion leaders were John O. Bell and David W. Wainhouse, of the State Department; Thomas C. Blaisdell, assistant secretary of commerce; Royden Dangerfield, of the University of Wisconsin; Clark M. Eichelberger, director of the American Association for the United Nations; Col. Sidney F. Giffin, United States Air Force; and Joseph E. Johnson, of Williams College.

During the week of July 22-28, Colgate University, with assistance from the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace and the Department of State, held a conference on American foreign policy, with Mr. Spruille Braden, former American ambassador to Argentina, Mr. Marquis Childs, columnist, Senator Brien McMahon of Connecticut, Mr. Norman Thomas, Dr. Amos E. Taylor, of the Pan American Union, Dr. George Wythe, of the Department of Commerce, former Senator James M. Mead of New York, Mr. Robert Saudek, vice-president of the American Broadcasting Company, and Mr. Stefan Osusky, former Czechoslovak ambassador to France, among leading participants.

A German Institute of Public Affairs has been founded at Frankfort-on-the-Main under the sponsorship of the Civil Administration Division, OMGUS, and directed by Dr. Edward H. Litchfield. Since completing his assignment as chief prosecutor of Nazi diplomats, Reich cabinet members, and key administrative officials, Dr. Robert M. Kempner has been appointed Military Government representative at the Institute. The first round-table conference of the Institute was devoted to problems of training German civil servants, and was attended by fifty key personnel officers of the *Laender* governments of the Western zones and also by the chief of the civil service branch of OMGUS, Mr. C. Volfspurger, his deputy, Mr. R. Cooper, and Professors Taylor Cole, of Duke University, and Harvey Mansfield, of Ohio State University. The latter gave a survey of his observations on the present status of the training program.

The American Council of Learned Societies and the Social Science Research Council have established a Joint Committee on Southern Asia for the purpose of appraising American studies relating to India, Pakistan, and Southeast Asia

and making plans for their further development. The new committee is a successor to the former Committee on Indic and Iranian Studies of the ACLS. At first primarily humanistic in its orientation, the Indic and Iranian Committee later broadened its scope and membership in response to increased wartime and postwar interest in social science studies relating to India and its neighboring countries; and as emphasis on social science projects continued to develop, the Committee recommended that it be replaced by a new group representing the SSRC as well as the ACLS.

At Michigan State College, the fourth annual Workshop in State and Local Government was held during July 5-22. Special emphasis was placed this year on the service functions of government, but sessions were devoted also to topics concerning the governor, state legislature, courts, county, city and township governments, and relationships between the individual and government. Morning sessions consisted of panel discussions by public officials, academicians, and lay persons with an interest in government; and ample opportunity was afforded for audience participation. Afternoon sessions were reserved primarily for visits to state and local government offices. As in previous years, much of the success of the program is to be credited to the interest and efforts of State Treasurer D. Hale Brake, chairman of the Institute of Local Government, and Mr. John Huss, director of the Michigan Municipal League. Taking part in the discussions were: Governor G. Mennen Williams; State Treasurer D. Hale Brake; Secretary of State Fred M. Alger, Jr.; Attorney-General Stephen J. Roth; Auditor-General Murl K. Aten; State Controller Robert F. Steadman; State Supreme Court Justice John R. Dethmers; State Senators Harold D. Tripp, G. Elwood Bonine, and Colin L. Smith; State Representatives Robert M. Montgomery and Homer L. Bauer; Superintendent of Public Instruction Lee M. Thurston; State Health Commissioner Albert E. Heustis; Highway Commissioner Charles M. Ziegler; Pontiac City Manager George Bean; Mayor William V. Bailey of Battle Creek; and more than twenty other state and local government leaders. Included among participating academicians and laymen were: John Huss, director of the Michigan Municipal League; Professors Arthur W. Bromage, John A. Perkins, Robert S. Ford, Joseph E. Kallenbach, and John W. Lederle, of the University of Michigan; Professors Jay J. Sherman, M. M. Ramsey, and Charles W. Shull, of Wayne University; Professors D. C. Shilling and L. C. Kercher, of Western Michigan College; Professor Walter S. Ryder, of Central Michigan College; Professor A. Engelsman, Michigan State Normal College; and Professors LeRoy C. Ferguson, William H. Combs, Arthur D. Angel, and Alan P. Grimes, of Michigan State College. Professor Guy Fox, of Michigan State College, was chairman.

The department of politics at Princeton University is playing a major rôle in developing the graduate program of training for public service and business in the Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs. Three distinctive features are (1) joint seminars, (2) research seminars, and (3) summer internships. The joint seminars, which run throughout the year, are en-

titled "American Institutions and Issues of Public Policy," "Trends and Problems in International Relations," and "Problems in Political Economy." In each instance a staff of three or more faculty members coöperates in planning and conducting the seminar, which meets in a three-hour weekly session, and is limited to fifteen students. Professor Marver H. Bernstein has taken the lead in developing the seminar on "American Institutions," in collaboration with professors of history and economics. The "International Relations" seminar is conducted by Professor Harold Sprout in collaboration with a sociologist and an economist. Professor H. Hubert Wilson is the political science member of the team giving the seminar in "Political Economy." The research seminars are supported by a substantial grant from one of the Foundations, and each is conducted by a professor with paid research assistants, plus six to eight advanced students in the program. Research projects are carried on in close coöperation with government agencies and (or) business corporations, and each deals with a problem of public importance. The results will be published in a form designed to be useful both to teachers and to public officials and business men. During the current year, two of the seminars are offered, Professor Edgar S. Furniss, Jr., conducting one on a Latin American problem in United States foreign policy, and Professor George A. Graham, another on the rôle of the department in national administration. The third special feature of the program, the summer internships, has been under the direction of Professor Joseph E. McLean. Internships during the past summer included positions in the Departments of State, Treasury, and Agriculture, in other federal agencies, in New Jersey state government, with the *New York Times* and other newspapers, and with various business corporations.

The National School of Administration in France.* One of the many schemes willed to posterity by the Revolution of 1848 has finally been brought to fruition by the Fourth French Republic. The National School of Administration, established by the Second Republic's decree of March 9, 1848, only to be abolished by a law of August 9, 1849, was reestablished approximately a century later by ordinance of October 9, 1945, issued by the Provisional Government of the Fourth French Republic.

This interesting experiment in teaching political science has caused profound changes in the principles and methods by which French civil servants are recruited. Before creation of the National School, civil servants destined for positions in the highest echelons of government service—administration of prefectures, diplomacy, etc.—were chosen on the basis of competitive examinations whose organization, conditions, and principles were established in isolation by each administrative unit. There was no agreement on the entrance requirements for public service. The diversity of the competitive examinations led to the rise of privileged groups within the service, a situation often de-

* Translated by Janet S. Seigel, Roosevelt College, Chicago.