## THE SUN AS A PULSATING ROTATING STAR\*

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Abstract. Physical arguments are provided which suggest the following:

- (a) The Sun rotates rapidly internally, with a period near one day. The arguments are based upon a low 'effective' plasma dynamic viscosity associated with a negative 'effective' magnetic density,  $\varrho_{\rm M}=-B^2/4\pi v^2$ . This low (near zero) viscosity allows several calculations of the angular velocity of the solar core to be made. A fluid dynamical argument based upon the inviscous Navier-Stokes relation shows that for objects seated in a non-expanding magnetohydrodynamic fluid, the usual Kepler law should be replaced by  $T^2 \propto r^4$ .
- (b) The rapid rotation suggests that the solar magnetic field is deeply buried and, furthermore, that the Sun violates the Ferraro theorem. This violation results from a radial electric field necessary to support the solar plasma. This radial field requires the Sun to be charged with a charge  $q = +2 \times 10^{11}$  esu. Thus the Sun's differential rotation may be viewed as arising from  $B']_{\theta} = 0$  in the rest frame of the fluid where  $\mathbf{E}_r \neq 0$  or alternatively as a polar spin down by the solar wind flow. Thus in the fluid frame, the solar activity cycle may be viewed as an Alfvén wave, with  $T = \lambda/v_A = 20$  yr. The velocity of material along the field is such that  $\varrho v/B = \text{const} \cong 4 \times 10^{-6}$  gm  $(G^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1})$ , governed by the collapse of mass in the solar core;  $(4H + 4e \rightarrow 1He + 2e)$  results in a reduction of gas pressure unless  $\sim 7 \times 10^{14}$  gm s<sup>-1</sup> of material continually collapse so as to conserve the particle number in the solar interior.
- (c) This requires the Sun to emit gravity waves with an energy comparable to its luminosity. The *virial* of the nuclear reactions in the core governs whether the energy goes into *gravity waves* or *heat*. A variable positron-electron core allows this.

<sup>\*</sup> Due to lack of time, only the first part of this paper was presented.