

---

# Bird

---

# Conservation

---

# International

---

## CONTENTS

Volume 1 Number 1 March 1991

The habitat and status of Spix's Macaw *Cyanopsitta spixii* 1  
A. T. JUNIPER AND C. YAMASHITA

Status and conservation of Imperial and Red-necked Parrots *Amazona imperialis*  
and *A. arausiaca* on Dominica 11  
PETER G. H. EVANS

The rediscovery of the Red-tailed Newtonia *Newtonia fanovanae* in south-eastern  
Madagascar with notes on the natural history of the genus *Newtonia* 33  
STEVEN M. GOODMAN AND THOMAS S. SCHULENBERG

The Red-tailed Newtonia *Newtonia fanovanae* in the Ambatovaky Reserve,  
north-east Madagascar 47  
MICHAEL I. EVANS

The status and conservation of threatened birds in the Upper Guinea Forest 53  
GARY ALLPORT

Numbers and habitat of the Rapa Fruit-dove *Ptilinopus huttoni* 75  
JEANCLAUDE THIBAUT AND ALBERT VARNEY

Population declines of the endangered endemic birds on Grenada, West Indies 83  
DAVID E. BLOCKSTEIN

Volume 1 Number 2 June 1991

The Grey-necked Picathartes *Picathartes oreas* and Ibadan Malimbe *Malimbus*  
*ibadanensis* in Nigeria 93  
J. S. ASH

The Seychelles Paradise Flycatcher *Terpsiphone corvina* on La Digue: population  
size, habitat requirements and management options 107  
J. WATSON

Conservation status and vocal and morphological description of the Grand  
Comoro Scops Owl *Otus pauliani* Benson 1960 123  
M. HERREMANS, M. LOUETTE AND J. STEVENS

The status and conservation of Jamaica's threatened and endemic forest avifauna  
and their habitats following Hurricane Gilbert 135  
NIGEL VARTY

Trade and the conservation status of the family Psittacidae in Venezuela 153  
PHILIP DESENNE AND STUART D. STRAHL

Improved breeding success of Great-winged Petrels <i>Pterodroma macroptera</i> following control of feral cats <i>Felis catus</i> at subantarctic Marion Island JOHN COOPER AND ANDRÉ FOURIE	171
Conserving the Seychelles Warbler <i>Acrocephalus sechellensis</i> by translocation: a transfer from Cousin Island to Aride Island JAN KOMDEUR, IAN D. BULLOCK AND MICHAEL R. W. RANDS	177
Volume 1 Number 3 September 1991	
Status and conservation of parrots and parakeets in the Greater Antilles, Bahama Islands, and Cayman Islands JAMES W. WILEY	187
Observations on the Superb Pitta <i>Pitta superba</i> and other Manus endemics GUY C. L. DUTSON AND JONATHAN L. NEWMAN	215
Habitat, distribution and status of the Azure-rumped Tanager <i>Tangara cabanisi</i> in Mexico MELANIE HEATH AND ADRIAN LONG	223
The status and conservation of the endemic bird species of São Tomé and Príncipe, West Africa PHIL ATKINSON, NIC PEET AND JAMES ALEXANDER	255
The status of the Black Catbird <i>Melanoptila glabrirostris</i> on Caye Caulker, Belize BRUCE MILLER AND CAROLYN MILLER	283
Bird conservation in Kenya: creating a national strategy JOHN H. FANSHAWE AND LEON A. BENNUN	293
Volume 1 Number 4 December 1991	
The Blue-cheeked Amazon <i>Amazona dufresniana</i> : a review D. C. WEGE AND N. J. COLLAR	317
Reintroduction and restocking: guidelines for bird recovery programmes JEFFREY M. BLACK	329
Observations on a population of Red-fronted Macaws <i>Ara rubrogenys</i> in the Río Caine valley, central Bolivia MARC BOUSSEKEY, JEAN SAINT-PIE AND OLIVIER MORVAN	335
Incidental capture of seabirds in the New Zealand subantarctic squid trawl fishery, 1990 J. A BARTLE	351
Status, habitat and conservation of the St Helena Wirebird <i>Charadrius sanctaehelenae</i> M. NEIL McCULLOCH	361



## Guidelines for Contributors

*Bird Conservation International* publishes papers and communications on subjects relevant to the conservation of birds, with a general preference for those addressing international or high national priorities. Submissions should be in duplicate, typewritten on one side of the paper only, and double-spaced, with positions of figures and tables indicated in the margin. Papers should be concise and factual, taking proper account of previous relevant literature; opinions expressed should be based on adequate evidence. Titles of papers must be accurate and concise, and (for the benefit of abstraction services) include any relevant scientific (taxonomic) name; a running head is needed (the editors will provide this if authors do not). *A full-length paper must include a proper summary.* The use of a word processor is strongly advised.

Whenever possible, authors should consult an issue of *BCI* for style and layout. Spelling generally follows *The shorter Oxford English dictionary*, supplemented by various standard references such as 'Topography' in *A dictionary of birds* (1985) and the most recent edition of *The Times atlas of the world*. Localities with well-known other spellings or older names should have these placed in parentheses after first mention, while localities too small to be in the *Times atlas* should be given their precise geographical coordinates (preferably with some evidence of source).

Modern authorities should be followed for both English and scientific names of birds, with explanations of any deviation. On first mention of a bird both English and scientific name should be given, thereafter only one, preferably the English. Scientific trinomials need be used only if subspecific nomenclature is relevant to the topic under discussion. These recommendations also apply for any other animal or plant species mentioned.

Metric units and their international symbols should be used (other systems of measurement can be added in parentheses), with temperatures in the Centigrade (Celsius) scale. Numbers one to nine are written in full except when linked with a measurement abbreviation or higher number, thus 'five birds' but '5 km' and '5–12 birds'; numerals are used for all numbers above ten, four-figure numbers and above using the comma thus: '1,234', '12,345'. Details of experimental technique, extensive tabulations of results, etc., are best presented as appendices. Dates should be written 1 January 1985, times of day as 08h30, 17h55 (24-hour clock), etc. When citing a conversation ('verbally') or letter ('in litt.'), the contact's name *and initials* should be included, preferably with the year of communication. Maps are best marked with a scale and north arrow, and drawn very neatly. Good photographs are also considered. Captions for figures and photographs should be typed on a separate sheet.

References in the text should not use ampersand or comma before the date, and should be chronologically listed, alphabetically if in the same year. Publications by the same authors in the same year may be distinguished by a, b, etc., after the date. Full references must be listed alphabetically at the end in conformity with the existing system of presentation (*which should be carefully checked before submission*). Name(s) and postal address(es) of author(s) should appear at the end of the article, in the format adopted.

Authors will receive proofs for checking which they are required to return within three days of receipt. Proofs of joint papers will automatically go to the senior author. Textual changes in proof cannot normally be countenanced. Twenty-five reprints will be made available irrespective of number of authors, and sent to the senior author.

---

# Bird Conservation International

---

Volume 1 Number 4 December 1991

## CONTENTS

- The Blue-cheeked Amazon *Amazona dufresniana*: a review 317  
D. C. WEGE AND N. J. COLLAR
- Reintroduction and restocking: guidelines for bird recovery programmes 329  
JEFFREY M. BLACK
- Observations on a population of Red-fronted Macaws *Ara rubrogenys* in the Río Caine valley,  
central Bolivia 335  
MARC BOUSSEKEY, JEAN SAINT-PIE AND OLIVIER MORVAN
- Incidental capture of seabirds in the New Zealand subantarctic squid trawl fishery, 1990 351  
J. A. BARTLE
- Status, habitat and conservation of the St Helena Wirebird *Charadrius sanctaehelenae* 361  
M. NEIL MCCULLOCH

### Cambridge University Press

The Pitt Building, Trumpington Street, Cambridge CB2 1RP  
40 West 20th Street, New York, NY 10011-4211, USA  
10 Stamford Road, Oakleigh, Victoria 3166, Australia

*Printed in Great Britain at the University Press, Cambridge*