## NOTES ON THE CONTRIBUTORS

**STEVEN M. HELFAND** is Assistant Professor of Economics at the University of California, Riverside. His research focuses on the agricultural sectors of Latin American countries. He is currently working on spatial economic issues in the Brazilian agricultural sector.

JORGE ZAVERUCHA, Professor of Political Science at the Universidade Federal de Pernambuco, taught recently at the University of Texas at Austin. He edited Democracia e instituições políticas brasileiras no final do século XX and will soon publish Fragil democracia: Collor, Itamar, FHC e os militares.

**JUAN POBLETE** is Assistant Professor of Latin American Literature at the University of California, Santa Cruz. He has published on literature and literary pedagogy as institutions and on Latin American nineteenth-century studies, cultural studies, modernization in Latin America, and the history of reading practices in the region.

JOHN BURDICK is Associate Professor of Anthropology at Syracuse University. He wrote Looking for God in Brazil: The Progressive Catholic Church in Urban Brazil's Religious Arena and Blessed Anastacia: Women, Race, and Popular Christianity in Brazil.

A doctoral candidate in the Department of Sociology at the University of Chicago, ANDRES VILLARREAL is interested in crime and deviance, social movements, and quantitative methods. His dissertation deals with the recent increase in crime in Mexico.

Born in La Paz, LEON BIEBER received his doctorate at the Free University of Berlin. He has lectured and conducted research at various institutions in Germany and Latin America. His work focuses on the historical development of Latin America in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

LINN HAMMERGREN currently works for the World Bank. At the time she wrote this review essay, she was a Democracy Fellow with USAID's Global Center for Democracy and Governance, where she completed several research and writing projects on donor-assisted justice reform. She recently published The Politics of Justice and Justice Reform in Latin America: The Peruvian Case in Comparative Perspective. Before that, she spent twelve years managing administration of justice projects in Peru, El Salvador, and Costa Rica and also taught political science at Vanderbilt University.

WENDY HUNTER is Associate Professor of Political Science at Vanderbilt University. She has written Eroding Military Influence in Brazil: Politicians against Soldiers and numerous articles about the military in Brazil and the Southern Cone. Her current research deals with social policy in Latin America.

JOHN M. KIRK is Professor of Latin American Studies at Dalhousie University in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada. He has written several books on Cuba and recently coauthored with Peter McKenna Canada-Cuba Relations: The Other Good Neighbor Policy (1997).

PETER MCKENNA is Assistant Professor of Political Science at Mount Saint Vincent University, also in Halifax. He is the author of Canada and the Organization of American States (Carleton University Press).

DANIELA SPENSER is a fellow at the Centro de Investigaciones y Estudios Superiores en Antropología Social (CIESAS) in Mexico City. Her most recent book, The Impossible Triangle: Mexico, Soviet Russia, and the United States in the 1920s, was published in both Mexico and the United States. She is currently editing volumes of documents on Communist and labor history in Mexico, a topic that she researched in the Russian Center for the Preservation and Study of Documents of Contemporary History in Moscow.

A cultural anthropologist in the School of Education at Indiana University, BRADLEY A. LEVINSON has written on the history and culture of Mexican secondary education. He will soon publish a manuscript on his ten-year historical-ethnographic study entitled Todos Somos Iguales: The Play of Student Culture at a Mexican Secondary School and Beyond.

JOHN FREDERICK SCHWALLER is Associate Provost and Professor of History at the University of Montana in Missoula. He has written several works on the Catholic Church in early colonial Mexico and continues his research on don Luis de Velasco, the younger, Viceroy of Mexico and Peru.