NEWS AND NOTES

1965 ANNUAL MEETING AND SLATE OF OFFICERS FOR 1965-66

The 1965 Annual Meeting of the Association will be held September 8-11 at the Sheraton Park Hotel, Washington, D. C. Dr. H. Field Haviland, Jr., The Brookings Institution, is

Chairman of the Program Committee.

At the Annual Business Meeting the Nominating Committee (comprised of James W. Prothro, University of North Carolina, Chairman; Bernard C. Cohen, University of Wisconsin; Alfred Diamant, Haverford College; Robert Horn, Stanford University; Avery Leiserson, Vanderbilt University; and Ruth Weintraub, Hunter College) will propose the following officers for 1965-66:

President Elect: Robert A. Dahl, Yale University

Vice Presidents: Manning J. Dauer, University of Florida William T. R. Fox, Columbia University

Rupert Emerson, Harvard University

Secretary: John H. Kautsky, Washington University, St. Louis

Treasurer: Max M. Kampelman, Washington, D. C.

Members of the Council for two years:

James C. Davies, University of Oregon Alex N. Dragnich, Vanderbilt University Heinz Eulau, Stanford University Samuel Hendel, City College of New York Wallace Mendelson, University of Texas Laurence I. Radway, Dartmouth College William H. Riker, University of Rochester Victor G. Rosenblum, Northwestern University

PROGRAM COMMITTEE: 1966 ANNUAL MEETING

The 1966 Annual Meeting of the Association will be held in New York City at the Statler-Hilton Hotel, September 6-10. Early appointment of the Program Committee for the meeting makes it timely now to invite anyone having program suggestions for the occasion to convey them as soon as convenient, and prior to October, 1965, to the Chairman or an appropriate member of the Committee. Members of the Committee are:

Chairman, Ithiel de Sola Pool, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

American Government—Donald Matthews, University of North Carolina

Civil Order and Violence—Guy Pauker, Rand Corporation

Comparative Politics: Developed Systems—Lewis Edinger, Washington University, St. Louis

Comparative Politics: Developing Systems-Myron Weiner, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Comparative Politics: Communist Systems—A. Doak Barnett, Columbia University

Data Bases for Political Science—Hayward Alker, Yale University

International Relations-James Rosenau, Douglass College, Rutgers University

Judicial Processes-Yosele Rogat, Stanford University

Operations Analysis in Government—James March, University of California, Irvine Political Modernization in the U. S.—Norton Long, Brandeis University Political Processes—Dwaine Marvick, University of California, Los Angeles

Political Psychology-Herbert McClosky, University of California, Berkeley

Political Theory—David Spitz, Ohio State University

Public Administration-Herbert Kaufman, Yale University

State and Local Government-James Wilson, Harvard University

Strategic Studies-Albert Wohlstetter, University of Chicago

The Program Committee invites younger members of the Association to submit papers for consideration to the appropriate section chairman listed above. This procedure replaces separately organized selected-paper or volunteer-paper panels but is designed to afford the same opportunity. To be considered, papers should be submitted no later than December 1, 1965.

WASHINGTON OFFICE NEWSLETTER

Congressional Study Project.—In a statement appearing in the Congressional Record of May 21, Sen. Carl Hayden of Arizona described progress of the Association's Study of Congress project. The text of his comments follows:

Mr. President, a good many Members of Congress participated in the discussions that led to establishment by the American Political Science Association of its comprehensive Study of Congress. Supported by a grant from the Carnegie Corporation of New York, this project today is focusing the attention of more than 16 persons on various aspects of congressional organization and operations. The purpose of the study is to contribute to informed public discussion of the problems of Congressional reorganization—a timely thing, considering the current hearings by the Joint Committee on the Organization of Congress, established under S. Con. Res. 2.

As the report to the Senate said, "During the

past several years there has developed an ever-increasing conviction among Members of Congress, reinforced by many expressions of opinion from the public at large, that a study and review of the present congressional machinery is a real necessity if Congress is to continue to be an effective co-equal partner in our tripartite system

of government.'

In coming to this conclusion, it was necessary that those within Congress communicate in a meaningful way with their constituents who share many viewpoints. And in turn, those in the outside community who wish to contribute to any changes must help to develop a better understanding of the unique qualities of this institution in order to successfully interpret it. As an outstanding journalist and student of Congress in a recent speech put it,

"The members of Congress have valid cause for reacting with suspicion to much of the intellectual community for a latent hostility toward Congress permeates the thinking of many leaders of public opinion outside Congress. It is evident in the books of political scientists, in newspaper editorials, and even in the witticisms of our humorists. It is most evident of all in many of the reforms of Congress that are suggested. Too often, proposed reforms smack of an obvious intent to reduce Congress from its status as a separate and independent branch of the federal government.'

This does not seem to be the case with the Study of Congress. Its initiation and organization was the product of a cooperative effort between Members of both Houses on both sides of the discontinuous of both sides of the asis working with the Association's executive director, Evron M. Kirkpatrick, and his associate, Donald G. Tacheron.

In announcing the Study, which is being carried out under the direction of Ralph K. Huitt of the University of Wisconsin, Kirkpatrick said:

"The vitality of legislative bodies is essential to the preservation of individual freedom, to democracy and to the maintenance of social and economic viability.

Before considering drastic changes in Congress -an institution which has served this nation very well-we must first clarify various assumptions regarding the role of Congress in our system, identifying and analyzing major problems of Congressional operation and explaining the character and probable consequences of realistic alternatives for structural or procedural change."

Mr. President, I feel that these are words of wise counsel in our present deliberations, and I want to take this opportunity to bring to the attention of my colleagues the names and academic affiliations of the scholars who are engaged in this important undertaking, so that Members who are interested will find it convenient to contact them for their views and assistance:

Milton C. Cummings, The Brookings Institution Richard F. Fenno, University of Rochester Lewis A. Froman, Jr., University of California at Irvine

Charles O. Jones, University of Arizona

John F. Manley, Syracuse University Roy E. Moor, George Washington University Kenneth G. Olson, formerly at Smith College, and now a consultant

and now a consultant
David M. Olson, University of Texas
Samuel C. Patterson, State University of Iowa
Robert L. Peabody, Johns Hopkins University
Nelson W. Polsby, Wesleyan University
Randall B. Ripley, The Bookings Institution
Leroy N. Rieselbach, State University of Iowa
James A. Robinson, Ohio State University
John S. Saloma, Massachusetts Institute of
Tachpology

Technology Raymond E. Wolfinger, Stanford University

Committee Staff Assignment.—A political scientist, Nicholas A. Masters, of Pennsylvania State University, is participating directly in the activities of the Joint Committee on Organization of Congress. Masters' appointment as staff research consultant was announced April 14 by Sen. A. S. Mike Monroney (D., Okla.) and Rep. Ray J. Madden (D., Ind), co-chairmen of the committee. A former research fellow in Sen. Philip A. Hart's office, Masters has been granted temporary leave by the university for the duration of the Congressional assignment.

Congressional Staff Fellowship Program.—The Association on May 6 announced approval of grants totaling \$99,000 for study and research projects planned by nine Congressional Staff members. The awards were made Association's Congressional Staff lowship Program, designed to encourage the further development of a permanent and highly professional staff system in Congress. Winners were selected by a bi-partisan Advisory Committee, composed of Vice President Hubert Humphrey, Senators Thomas Kuchel and Russell Long; Representatives Leslie Arends and Hale Boggs; and Donald Herzberg, director, Eagleton Institute of Politics, Rutgers University.

Competition for the awards, made possible by a grant from the Ford Foundation, was open to all professional House and Senate office and committee staff employees. Winners undertake study and research projects related to their professional responsibilities and goals at the college or university of their choice. The awards carry a stipend of up to \$14,000 for a full year and up to \$8,000 for six months of study. The 1965–66 Congressional Staff Fellows are:

- Samuel J. Archibald, staff director, House Foreign Operations and Government Information Subcommittee
- RICHARD L. BOWEN, Legislative Assistant, Senator Karl E. Mundt
- HAROLD F. EBERLE, Jr., Administrative Assistant, Representative Robert J. Corbett
- RICHARD W. C. FALKNOR, Professional Staff Member, Senate Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs
- HUGH GREGORY GALLAGHER, Legislative Assistant, Senator E. L. Bartlett
- WILLIAM T. KENDALL, Administrative Assistant, Representative Peter Frelinghuysen WILL ERNEST LEONARD, Jr., Legislative As-
- sistant, Senator Russell B. Long
- STANLEY L. NEWMAN, Legislative Assistant, Representative William F. Ryan
- KENT WATKINS, Staff Director, Senate Subcommittee on Standing Rules

Seminar in Legislative Operations.—The fifth in the series of Legislative Operations Roundtables, jointly sponsored by the Association and the Office of Career Development of the U. S. Civil Service Commission, was held May 10–14 for 20 Federal executives. The sessions were conducted at Georgetown University and at the Capitol. The program is part of a continuing effort to improve the federal career executive's knowledge and understanding of executive-legislative relations through an examination in depth of Congressional functions and processes. Discussion leaders and their subjects were as follows:

- Max Kampelman, A.P.S.A. Treasurer and Counsel, "Congress and the American System"
- Nelson W. Polsby, Wesleyan University, and Robert L. Peabody, The Johns Hopkins University, "Congressional Organization: Leadership and Rules Changes in the 89th Congress"
- Richard M. Scammon, Director of Elections Research Center, Governmental Affairs Institute, "The Congressman and His Constituency"

- Stanley J. McFarland, Assistant Director, Federal Relations Division, National Education Association and Mary C. Gereau, Legislative Consultant, N.E.A., "External Pressures on Congress"
- Richard F. Fenno, Jr., University of Rochester, "The House Appropriations Committee as a Political System"
- Senator George D. Aiken, Vermont, "Representing and Informing the People: The Senate"
- D. B. Hardeman, Administrative Assistant to Majority Whip Hale Boggs, and Eugene Eidenberg, Congressional Fellow of the American Political Science Association, "The Legislative Process"
- Wilfred Rommel, Deputy Director, Office of Legislative Reference, Bureau of the Budget, "Central Legislative Clearance and Legislative Liaison"
- Robert Clark, Clerk, Committee on Appropriations, U. S. Senate, "Financial Policy Determination and the Appropriations Process"
- Francis J. Keenan, Administrative Assistant to Rep. Florence P. Dwyer and Kenneth Kofmehl, Purdue University, "Work behind the Scenes—The Congressional Staff"
- Carl B. Swisher, The Johns Hopkins University, "Congress and the Courts"
- Ralph K. Huitt, University of Wisconsin, "Legislative-Executive Branch Relations"

Social Studies Teachers' Seminars.—A group of Arlington County, Virginia, high school teachers explored the current state of political science and government during an eight-week series of seminars, which started March 29. Entitled "Political Science and the Social Studies," the seminars were co-sponsored by the Association and the Division of Instruction, Arlington County Public Schools. The sessions were conducted by leading members of the legislative and executive branches of the government, political scientists and other experts in the field of public affairs. About 50 of the Arlington Public School system's social studies teachers participated. Carried out as part of the Association's Social Studies Project, the seminar leaders and their subjects were as follows:

- Richard M. Scammon, Director of Elections Research Center, Governmental Affairs Institute, "The Electoral Process"
- Rep. Ken Hechler, Fourth District, West Virginia, "The Congress and the Presidency"
- William B. Prendergast, Director of Research, House Republican Conference, "Political Parties"
- Max Kampelman, A.P.S.A. treasurer and counsel, "The Judicial Process"

Norman Beckman, Assistant Director, Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations, "Local Government"

Field Haviland, Director of Foreign Policy Studies, The Brookings Institution, "Foreign Policy and International Relations"

Harold Seidman, Director, Office of Management and Organization, Bureau of the Budget, "Organization and Management"

Evron M. Kirkpatrick, A.P.S.A. Executive Director, "Political Science and the Social Studies"

Internship Evaluation Conference.—The Association sponsored a conference April 15–19 to consider implications of various forms of political internship for the educational process. Included among those attending the sessions, supported by a grant from the Ford Foundation and held near San Juan, Puerto Rico, were directors of all such programs involving more than a single campus. Seven of the participants presented papers on the potential—and problems—of political internship. They were:

Everett Cataldo, Ohio State University, "Evaluation of the Congressional Fellowship Program"

Bernard C. Hennessy, National Center for Education in Politics, "The Nature and Scope of College Political Internship Programs: Survey and Commentary"

Donald G. Herzberg, Eagleton Institute of Politics, Rutgers University, "The Care and Feeding of Interns"

Harold D. Lasswell, Yale Law School, "The Professional and Public Service Potential of Internship Programs"

James A. Robinson, Ohio State University, "Internships, Participant Observation, and Research"

John G. Stewart, Office of the Vice President, "The Intern Crisis: Some Thoughts on the Overextension of a Good Thing"

Sidney Wise, Franklin and Marshall College, "The Administration of an Internship Program"

Also attending the conference were the following:

Donald Bacon, Newhouse National News Service

Rep. John Brademas, of Indiana

Donald Balmer, Lewis and Clark College

Preston Edsall, North Carolina State College

D. B. Hardeman, Office of Democratic Whip, House of Representatives

Stephen Horn, Legislative Assistant to Sen. Thomas Kuchel.

Victor Jones, University of California, Berkeley

Max Kampelman, A.P.S.A. treasurer and counsel

Evron M. Kirkpatrick, A.P.S.A. Executive Director

Malcolm Moos, The Ford Foundation Richard Neustadt, Harvard University

J. W. Peltason, University of California at Irvine

Donald G. Tacheron, A.P.S.A. Associate Director

Paul N. Ylvisaker, Public Affairs Division, The Ford Foundation

PROFESSIONAL CONFERENCES

The Eighth Annual Conference of the District of Columbia Political Science Association was held on December 5, 1964, at the School of Advanced International Studies of the Johns Hopkins University in Washington, D. C. Panel I was chaired by Pio Uliassi of the State Department who presented four discussants on the "International Implications of the Sino-Soviet Dispute." They were Franz Michael, George Washington University; Cary Fisher, editorial staff of USIA's Problems of Communism; Eric Willenz, Department of State; and Samuel L. Sharp, American University. Panel II chaired by Edna Fluegel of Trinity College presented a discussion formally titled "Consensus and the Two-Party System." Discussants were Robert J. Corber, chairman of the Virginia Republican Party; Franklin L. Burdette, University of Maryland; and Wesley McCune, president of Group Research, Inc. Panel III chaired by Nathaniel Preston, American

University, probed "Political Science, Public Administration and the Technological Revolution." Paul W. Howerton and Terence G. Jackson, Jr., of American University and Stanford Research Institute respectively, presented papers on "The New Technology and Its Application" and "Points of Impact between Technology and Political Science: Some Researchable Propositions." Outgoing president Richard M. Scammon presided over the business meeting which elected the following Association officers: president, Charles L. Clapp, Legislative Assistant to Senator Saltonstall; 1st vice president, Valerie Earle, Georgetown University; 2d vice president, Richard T. Greer, executive director of Operations & Policy Research, Inc.; council member (2 years), Hugh LeBlanc, George Washington University; and council member (2 years), Walter Kravits, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress.