REVUE FRANÇAISE D'HISTOIRE D'OUTRE-MER

Edited by

JEAN DEVISSE, University of Paris I
MARIE-ANTOINETTE MENIER, Record Office
CATHERINE COQUERY-VIDROVITCH, University of Paris VII
ERIC DE DAMPIERRE, University of Paris X
MARC MICHEL, University of Paris I
PIERRE LAMANT, National Institute of Oriental Languages
and Civilizations, Paris

The Revue française d'Histoire d'Outre-Mer publishes articles and reviews regarding the history of the intercourses between Europe and all non european countries. The review seeks to present the results of new researches not only within the field of overseas expansion, colonization and decolonization but also in connection with political, economical, social and cultural history of those countries.

Contributions are accepted in French or English. The contents include research articles, review articles and book reviews.

Selected contents from last issue: Volume 66, numbers 244-245, 3rd and 4th terms 1979:

Histoire et politologie en Amérique latine

Frédéric Mauro: Introduction.

Harold Blakemore: The Politics of nitrate in Chile. Pressure groups and policies, 1870-1896; some unanswered questions.

Chantal Thévenin: Le rôle du Fonds monétaire international dans la politique économique péruvienne, 1975-1978.

Pierre Gilhodès : Les caféiculteurs colombiens et leur intervention politique.

Daniel Pécaut: La constitution des «gremios» en instance quasigouvernementale: l'exemple colombien dans les années 1945-50.

François-Xavier Guerra: Pouvoir central et pouvoirs régionaux au Mexique à la veille de la Révolution.

Raymond Buve: Políticas locales: el caso de Tlaxcalá.

Alain Rouquié: Groupes de pression et forces armées en Argentine: la logique de l'État prétorien.

Andrée Diniz Silva-Mansuy: Groupes de pression et de décision dans la politique brésilienne du Portugal entre 1750 et 1808.

Luiz-Felipe de Alencastro : La traite négrière et l'unité nationale brésilienne.

Estevão de Rezende Martins : Café et politique : groupes d'intérêt à Campinas (1880-1900).

Paul Manor: La « Cruzada démocrática », un groupe de pression de la droite libérale dans l'armée brésilienne, 1952-1962.

Volume 66, 1979 : 200 FF for the year 100 FF for nos 242-243 and nos 244-245

SOCIÉTÉ FRANÇAISE D'HISTOIRE D'OUTRE-MER

1 et 2 rue Robert-de-Flers, 75015 Paris, FRANCE

African history from Longman

Migrant Labour in Kenya. Capitalism and African Response 1895–1975

S Stichter

This study of labour history in Kenya, from colonial times through the depression to independence and beyond, shows how the demands of the capitalist world market transformed the economics of African societies in Kenya. It describes how Africans responded creatively to these new constraints and opportunities and examines the growth and subsequent modification of the migrant labour economy.

0 582 64326 0 £6.95

Rediscovering Ghana's Past

J Anquandah

Using evidence derived from archaeological remains, written documents, oral traditions, linguistics, ethnography and geology, James Anquandah provides an overall picture of Ghana's past from the early stone age to the beginning of the colonial era

0 582 64309 0 \$4.50

Studies in Zimbabwean History

Using the latest research findings, this new series will examine important aspects of Zimbabwe's history.

Trade and Politics in a Shona Kingdom

This book traces the development of the small but wealthy Shona Kingdom of Manyika. Throughout the author's examination of Manyika institutions, from the early modern period until the end of the nineteenth century, trade is the central theme. Dr Bhila describes how the Manyika thrived through the manipulation of their trade and how, unable to withstand the subsequent dislocation in trading patterns, they were eventually absorbed by the colonial powers.

0 582 64354 6 \$7.50

For further information and a copy of our 1982 African Studies catalogue please contact the Promotion Department, Longman Group, Longman House, Burnt Mill, Harlow, Essex, UK.



CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions to the Journal are welcomed. They may be submitted in either English or French. They should not exceed about 6000 words (excluding footnotes), except with the prior approval of the Editors. A summary of the contents of the article, not exceeding about 300 words in length, should be attached on a separate sheet. Contributors are asked to observe closely the conventions listed in the Notes for Contributors, Vol. XV, pp. 173-4. It is essential that contributors observe these conventions, as the Journal now goes straight into page proof. This severely limits the number of corrections which are possible.

Page proofs will be sent, if necessary by airmail, to each contributor (or his nominee) provided that the Editors have been given an address through which he can be reached without delay. Corrections should be kept to the minimum, and should be corrections, not new material. If they are to be incorporated in the master proof corrected by the Editors, it is important that the contributor should return the page proofs, by airmail if necessary, to the Editor named when they are sent out (and *not* to the Cambridge University Press), within ten days of his receipt of them.

Contributors of articles and review articles receive 25 free offprints. Additional offprints may be obtained at reasonable cost, provided that they are ordered before publication on the special form sent out with the page proofs.

All contributions and books for review should be addressed to The Editors, *The Journal of African History*, School of Oriental and African Studies, University of London, London, w.c.1.

COPYING

This Journal is registered with the Copyright Clearance Center, 21 Congress Street, Salem, Mass. 01970. Organizations in the U.S.A. who are also registered with C.C.C. may therefore copy material (beyond the limits permitted by sections 107 and 108 of U.S. copyright law) subject to payment to C.C.C. of the per-copy fee of \$02.00. This consent does not extend to multiple copying for promotional or commercial purposes. Code 0021-8537/82/2828-0001 \$02.00.

ISI Tear Service, 3501 Market Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19104, U.S.A., is authorized to supply single copies of separate articles for private use only.

For all other use, permission should be sought from the Cambridge or New York offices of the Cambridge University Press.

JOURNAL OF AFRICAN HISTORY, VOLUME 23, NO. 1

CONTENTS

1	West-Central and North-Central Africa By Pierre de Maret (Musée Royal de l'Afrique Centrale, Tervuren)	I
II	The significance of Drought, Disease and Famine in the agriculturally marginal zones of West-Central Africa By JOSEPH C. MILLER (University of Virginia)	17
III	Social and Demographic Changes in the Birim Valley, southern Ghana, c. 1450–c. 1800 By D. KIYAGA-MULINDWA (University College, Botswana)	63
IV	Military and Labour Recruitment in the Gold Coast during the Second World War By David Killingray (Goldsmiths' College, London)	83
REV	IEW ARTICLE	
	Scrambling for South Africa	
	By Shula Marks (S.O.A.S., London)	97

BOOKS REVIEWED

UNESCO General History of Africa, Vol. 1. Methodology and African Prehistory. Edited by J. Ki-Zerbo (David W. Phillipson), 115; UNESCO General History of Africa, Vol. 2. Ancient Civilizations of Africa. Edited by G. Mokhtar (Michael Brett), 117; The Shona and Zimbabwe, 900-1850. By David N. Beach (Joseph C. Miller), 120; Le diván des sultans du (Kanem-) Bornu: Chronologie et Histoire d'un Royaume Africain. By Dierk Lange (John E. Lavers), 122; Trade veithout Rulers: Pre-Colonial Economic Development in South-Eastern Nigeria. By David Northrup (Susan Martin), 123; Economy and Society in Pre-Industrial South Africa. Edited by Shula Marks and Anthony Atmore (Patrick Harriss), 125; The Rise and Fall of the South African Peasantry. By Colin Bundy. Preachers, Peasants and Politics in Southeast Africa, 1835-1880: African Christian Communities in Natal, Pondoland and Zululand. By Norman Etherington (Sheila Meintjes), 127; La Conférence de Géographie de 1876: recueil d'études. By J. Stengers and others (Suzanne Miers), 130; The Rulers of Belgian Africa, 1884-1914. By L. H. Gann and Peter Duignan (Jean-Luc Vellut), 131; Capitalism and Colonialism in Mozambique: A Study of Quelimane District. By Leroy Vail and Landeg White (W. G. Clarence-Smith), 133; Les Guerres Grises: Résistance et Révoltes en Angola (1845-1941). By René Pélissier. La Colonie du Minotaure: Nationalismes et Révoltes en Angola (1845-1941). By René Pélissier (D.B.), 134; Benin under British Administration: The Impact of Colonial Rule on an African Kingdom 1897-1938. By P. A. Igbafe (A. E. Afigro), 136; Papa-Commandant a jeté un grand filet devant nous: les exploités des rives du Niger, 1900-1962. By Amidu Magasa. Quand nos pères étaient captifs... récits paysans du Niger, Edited by Jean-Pierre Olivier de Sardan. L'étrange destin de Wangrin, ou les roueries d'un interprète africain. By Amadou Hampaté Ba (John Iliffe), 138; Historical Dictionary of Tanzamia. By Laura S. Kurtz. Historical Dictionary of Zimbabve/Rhodesia. By R. Kent Rasmussen. Historical Dict

SHORTER NOTICES

Recherches sur l'Islam: histoire et anthropologie (special number of Annales; économies, sociétés, civilisations) (E. G. H. JOFFÉ), 141; The Solima Yalunka Kingdom: Pre-colonial Politics, Economics and Society. By C. Magbaily Fyle (P. E. H. HAIR), 141; Islam and Colonialism. The Doctrine of Jihad in Modern History. By Rudolph Peters (C. C. Stewart), 142; A History of Education in East Africa. By O. W. Furley and T. Watson (A.D.R.), 143; Scandinavians in Africa. Guide to Materials Relating to Ghana in the Danish National Archives. By Joe Reindorf (C.F.), 143.

COMMUNICATION

Who were the Vai? By Yves Person with a reply by ADAM JONES, 144.

© Cambridge University Press 1982

Printed in Great Britain at the University Press, Cambridge