

P-172 - SUBGROUP OF ADULT ATTENTION DEFICIT HYPERACTIVITY DISORDER WITH BIPOLAR DISORDER PATIENTS IN REMISSION THE EFFECT OF DISABILITY AND QUALITY OF LIFE

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Objective: Bipolar disorder (BD),attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), the presence of clinical symptoms is quite often difficult treatment, symptomatology that makes the complex, the sharpness of diagnostic overshadowing, adversely affecting the course of the disease, is an important condition disrupts the quality of life and functionality. In this study, bipolar disorder, attention deficit and hyperactivity disorder by examining the sub-dimensions,to reach conclusions about the relationship has these symptoms,course of illness İUB,socio-demographic characteristics of this situation, to evaluate the relationship between disability and quality of life.

Findings: In our study,20% of patients favor BD period, were the symptoms of attention deficit and hyperactivity. Hyperactivity is not component where only the size of the group of patients is the lack of attention,21.3% of patients BD comprised of. DHB mean age between the groups, except that a smaller group, gender, marital status, education level, and there was not a statistical difference at the level of significance for comparison of properties. Clinical presentation in the same way as the age of disease onset and exacerbations in patients with DHB group averages low,the average hospitalization than the other two patients were BD.In our study,no significant differences between the groups at the level of deterioration İGDÖ scores were found to be only BD group. Comparisons of quality of life variables,especially the pure DB group more than those in the DHB group was more impaired.

Conclusion: Bipolar disorder, attention deficit and hyperactivity are the dimensions of the disease with increasing disability and impair quality of life.